

Original paper

# Mineralogy and origin of supergene mineralization at the Farbište ore occurrence near Poniky, central Slovakia

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Supergene mineralization at the hydrothermal Farbište ore occurrence near Poniky, central Slovakia, was studied using optical and electron scanning microscopy, X-ray powder diffraction, electron microprobe and IR spectroscopy. Two principal associations of the supergene minerals were observed. The first is represented mostly by tyrolite with a higher content of sulphate groups and chrysocolla associated with copper carbonates. The second is characterized by a rich assemblage of copper arsenates: low-S tyrolite, strashimirite, parnaute, olivenite, cornwallite, cornubite, euchroite and clinoclase, which occur together with chrysocolla, bariopharmacosiderite-Q, brochantite, azurite and malachite. Both associations formed as a result of decomposition of primary ore minerals, especially tennantite, which is the prevalent primary ore mineral at the Farbište occurrence and was the main source of Cu, As and S ions in the supergene zone.

**Keywords:** supergene mineralization, copper minerals, arsenates, Farbište near Poniky, Slovakia

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## 1. Introduction

Study of supergene mineral associations and minerals present in oxidation zones of sulphide ore deposits/occurrences may lead to a better understanding of the geochemical behaviour of elements such as Cu, Pb and As in near-surface parts of the Earth's crust. Supergene minerals and their stability play a key role in mobility of these elements. Study of these minerals elucidates mechanism of element transportation and accumulation under the natural conditions (Magalhães et al. 1986, 1988; Williams 1990; Krivovichev et al. 2006).

The occurrence of supergene minerals at Farbište, Central Slovakia, has been known in the literature for more than a century, but general data for supergene phases are lacking. Zipser (1817) described an occurrence of azurite, chrysocolla, malachite and pseudomalachite, while tyrolite was first mentioned by Zepharovich (1859). Láznička (1965) reported also euchroite and erythrite, while clinoclase, strashimirite and olivenite were identified by Řídkošil (1981a). A short note on the presence of cornwallite and cornubite was published by Hyršl et al. (1984). Recently, a report on new finds of supergene minerals from Farbište was given by Števkó et al. (2010).

This paper presents data obtained by detailed study of newly collected samples with particular focus on chemical composition and associations of supergene minerals at this locality, which is particularly rich in rare copper arsenates like euchroite, strashimirite and parnaute and

represents a suitable model object for study of copper and arsenic behaviour under supergene zone conditions.

## 2. Geological setting

### 2.1. Regional geology

The small abandoned Cu deposit Farbište is situated on the southern slopes of the Farbište Hill (675 m a.s.l.), c. 4 km NE of Poniky village (Fig. 1) in the Ponická vrchovina Mts., Slovak Republic. The Poniky and Bystrica highlands constitute part of a larger geographic entity – the Zvolen Basin (Mazúr and Lukniš 1980). Several geological units participate in the rather complicated Palaeo-Alpine structure of the region, including Veporic, Fatric, Hronic and Silicic units, sediments of Palaeogene age and accumulations of Neogene volcanics (Fig. 1). The *Veporic Unit* consists of a crystalline complex, Late Palaeozoic clastic sediments of the Ľubietová Group, and the Veľký Bok envelope sequence of the Mesozoic age. Migmatized paragneisses, banded migmatites and granite porphyries are the dominant crystalline rocks in the Poniky area (Polák et al. 2003b). In the Suchá Drieňka Valley occur Late Palaeozoic clastic sediments of the Ľubietová Group (Vozárová and Vozár 1988). The Mesozoic Veľký Bok envelope sequence and lithologically closely similar *Fatric Unit* include sediments of Triassic to Cretaceous age (Polák et al. 2003b). The *Hronic Unit* is represented mainly by complex of Me-

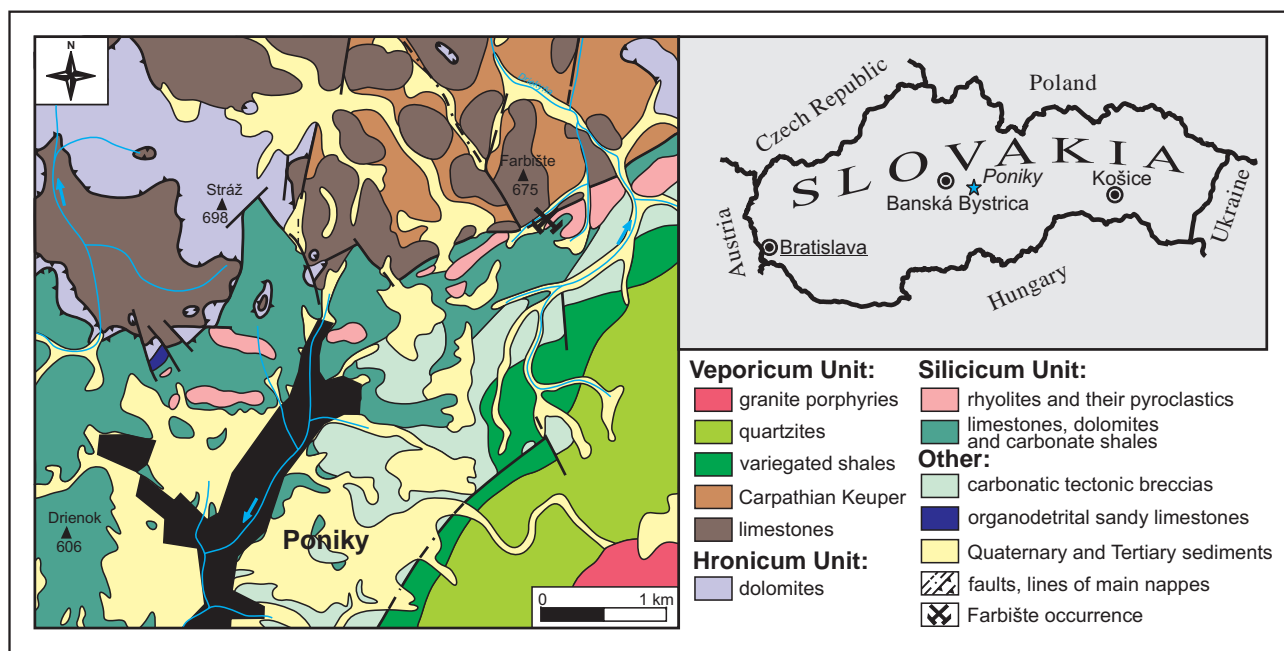


Fig. 1 Generalized geological map showing the location of Farbište ore occurrence near Poniky (Polák et al. 2003a, modified).

sozoic sedimentary rocks. The clastic sediments and tholeiitic volcanic rocks of the Hronic Unit (Ipoltica Group) occur only north of Poniky in the Slovenská Ľupča (Vozárová and Vozár 1988). The Mesozoic rocks in the Hronic Unit are mainly Triassic limestones and dolomites. The *Silicic Unit* in the Poniky area (Drienok Nappe, Bystrický 1964) has a stratigraphic range from Lower to Upper Triassic (Polák et al. 2003b). A characteristic Lower Triassic member of the Drienok Nappe are acid volcanites and associated pyroclastic rocks (Slavkay 1965). Middle and Upper Triassic is developed as limestones and dolomites (Polák et al. 2003b).

## 2.2. Copper mineralization of the Farbište occurrence

Early exploration and small-scale mining at the locality took place in the 19<sup>th</sup> century in an adit situated in the supergene zone (Figs 2, 3a). In 1959–1960, an extensive geological exploration (boreholes, test pits) was started. The 19<sup>th</sup> century adit was re-opened and primary mineralization in the deeper parts of deposit explored via a new adit (Losert 1965; Slavkay et al. 1968). This research confirmed that the mineralization is non-economic and estimated reserves of copper are small (Slavkay et al. 1968; Slavkay 1971).

Hydrothermal copper mineralization at the Farbište occurrence has characteristics of a stockwork–impregnation zone with NE–SW strike, dip 30–60° to SE and maximum thickness of 10 m (Losert 1965; Slavkay 1971). The ore mineralization is hosted in Lower Triassic rhyolites, andesites and their pyroclastic derivatives belonging to the *Silicic Unit* (Slavkay 1965; Slavkay et al. 1968) (Fig. 1). According to Uher et al. (2002a), the rhyolites are potassium-rich and of anorogenic nature, with porphyric texture. All these volcanic rocks are interpreted as indicators of early Alpine continental rifting (Putiš et al. 2000).

The primary ore mineralization at Farbište is rather simple. The main ore mineral is tennantite accompanied by pyrite, bornite, chalcopyrite, chalcocite and hematite (Kravjanský 1962; Losert 1965; Slavkay 1971). Kotásek and Kudělásek (1962) identified galena as microscopic corroded grains in limonite. Lázníčka (1965) mentioned also covellite. Gangue minerals are represented by quartz and baryte (Slavkay 1971). Kravjanský (1962) identified

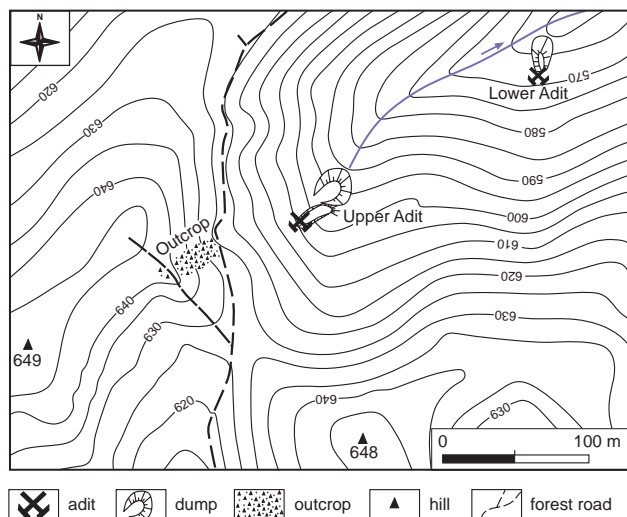


Fig. 2 Schematic topographic map of the Farbište occurrence showing the mining objects and outcrop location.



**Fig. 3a** – Dump of upper adit at the Farbište occurrence. Situation in May 2008. **b** – Outcrop with supergene mineralization. Situation in October 2009. Both photos by B. Bureš.

the following succession scheme of the primary minerals: quartz → pyrite → bornite → chalcopyrite → tennantite → chalcocite → barite. The supergene zone extends to depths of 50 m. It is well exposed on outcrop (Fig. 3b) and in erosion rills situated above the upper adit.

### 3. Experimental techniques

#### 3.1. Morphological study

The surface morphology of samples was studied using an Olympus SZ61 optical microscope in combination with an Olympus SP-350 digital camera and Quick-PHOTO MICRO 2.2 software (Martin Števkó, Department of Mineralogy and Petrology, Faculty of Natural Sciences, Comenius University, Bratislava) or with a Leitz Ortholux I optical microscope in combination with a Canon EOS 400 D digital camera (Volker Betz), used for photography in incandescent light. Depth of focus of photos was reached by layering composition of a number of pictures using the Deep Focus 3.1 (Martin Števkó) or Helicon Focus software (Volker Betz).

Details of surface morphology of gold-coated samples were studied using a Jeol Superprobe JXA-840A scanning electron microscope (SEM) under the following conditions: accelerating voltage 15 kV and specimen current 6 nA (Faculty of Natural Sciences, Comenius University, Bratislava).

#### 3.2. X-ray powder diffraction study

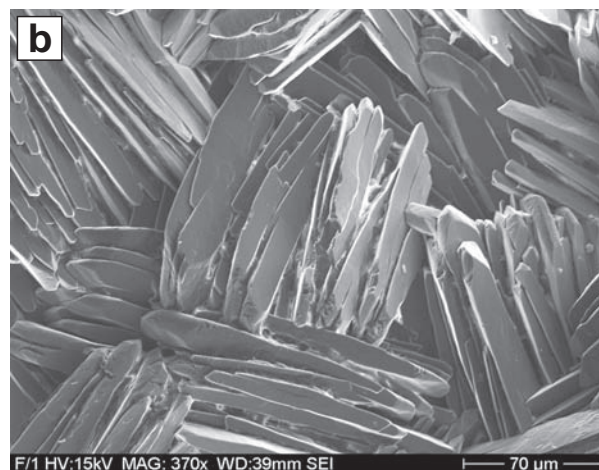
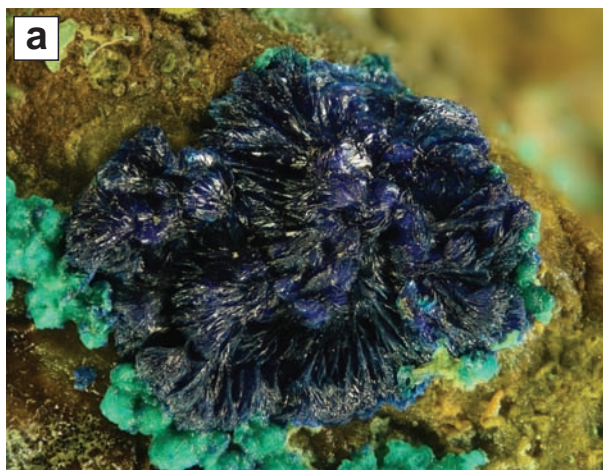
Step-scanned powder diffraction data were collected using a Bruker D8 Advance diffractometer (Laboratory of X-ray diffraction SOLIPHA, Faculty of Natural Sciences, Comenius University, Bratislava) under following condi-

tions: Bragg-Brentano geometry ( $\theta$ – $2\theta$ ), Cu anode, Lynx-Eye detector, accelerating voltage 40 kV, beam current 40 nA, step size  $0.01^\circ 2\theta$  and the step time 3 s.  $\text{NiK}_\beta$  filter was used for stripping of  $\text{K}_\beta$  radiation on the primary beam. The studied samples were placed on the surface of a flat silicon wafer from suspension in ethanol. The results were processed using the X-ray analysis software Bruker DIFFRAC<sup>plus</sup> EVA, and unit-cell parameters were refined with the Bruker DIFFRAC<sup>plus</sup> TOPAS program using Rietveld refinement mode.

#### 3.3. Chemical analyses

Quantitative chemical data were collected using Cameca SX100 electron microprobe (Laboratory of Electron Microscopy and Microanalysis of the Masaryk University and Czech Geological Survey, Brno) operating in the wavelength-dispersion mode with an accelerating voltage of 15 kV, a specimen current of 8–10 nA, and a beam diameter of 5–10  $\mu\text{m}$ . The following X-ray lines and standards were used:  $\text{K}_\alpha$ : andradite (Ca, Fe), albite (Na), barite (S), sanidine (Al, Si, K), fluorapatite (P), ZnO (Zn), olivine (Mg), rhodonite (Mn), vanadinite (V), topaz (F), halite (Cl);  $\text{L}_\alpha$ : InAs (As), diopside (Cu), Sb (Sb);  $\text{M}_\alpha$ : vanadinite (Pb) and  $\text{M}_\beta$ : Bi (Bi). Peak counting times were 20 s for main elements and 60 s for minor elements; each background was counted for a half of peak time. Raw intensities were converted to concentrations using the automatic PAP (Pouchou and Pichoir 1985) matrix correction software package. Elevated analytical totals for minerals containing a large amount of hydroxyl groups or crystal water are generally caused by water evaporation under high-vacuum conditions or its evaporation due to heating of the analyzed spot by the electron beam. Lower analytical totals for some samples are primarily due to their





**Fig. 4a** – Radial aggregate of azurite crystals associated with irregular to hemispherical aggregates of euchroite. Width of area is 8 mm. Photo V. Betz. **b** – Parallel oriented thick tabular crystals of azurite; SEM photo by M. Števkó.

porous nature or poorly polished surfaces of soft or cryptocrystalline minerals.

### 3.4. Infrared spectroscopy

Mid infrared spectra ( $4000\text{--}400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) were recorded by micro diffuse reflectance method (DRIFTS) using a Nicolet 6700 FTIR spectrometer with DTSG detector (Institute of Inorganic Chemistry, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava). Each handpicked monomineralic sample was mixed with KBr (1 mg of sample to 200 mg of KBr). Obtained data were processed using the OMNIC 8.1. software (Nicolet Instruments Corp.).

## 4. Description of minerals and their properties

### 4.1. Carbonates

#### 4.1.1. Azurite

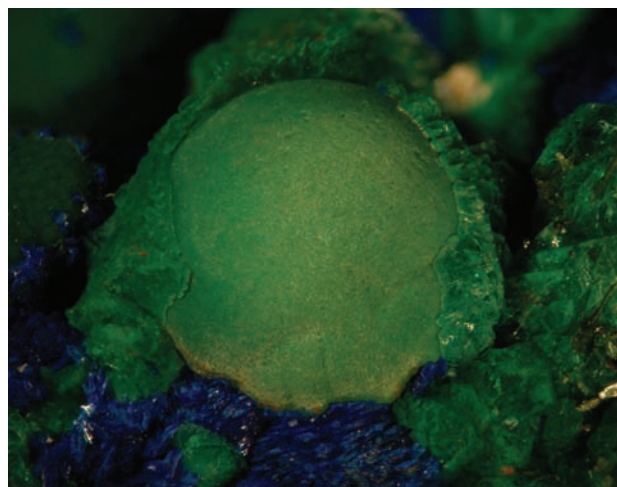
Azurite is one of the most common supergene minerals, together with malachite. It usually occurs as pale to bright-blue coatings, crystalline crusts and impregnations on fissures of mineralized rocks. Well developed, dark-blue prismatic azurite crystals up to 2 mm long with vitreous lustre or radial (Fig. 4a) and spherical aggregates up to 1 cm consisting of tabular crystals (Fig. 4b) are rare. Azurite as one of the main supergene minerals had usually overgrown older brochantite, strashimirite, olivenite and cornubite, and is covered by younger phases such as euchroite and clinoclase.

Azurite was identified by X-ray powder diffraction and its refined unit-cell parameters correspond well to the published data.

#### 4.1.2. Malachite

Malachite is a common supergene phase occurring as pale to dark-green coatings and crusts or botryoidal aggregates (Fig. 5) with fibrous internal structure and silky lustre. The most common mineral species associated with malachite is azurite. Both are frequently covered by younger aggregates and crystal clusters of euchroite and clinoclase.

It has been confirmed by X-ray powder diffraction. The refined unit-cell parameters correspond to the published data.

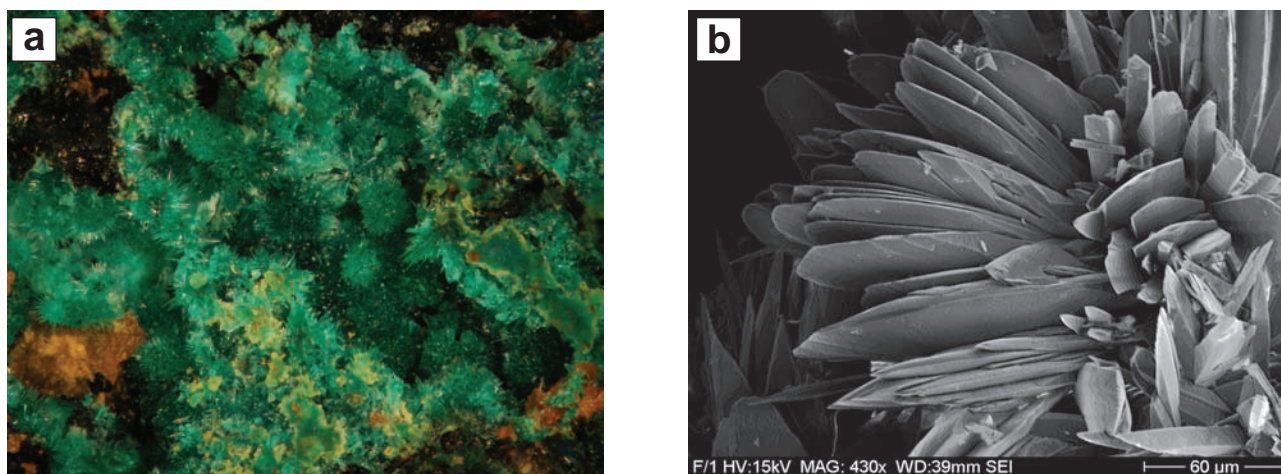


**Fig. 5** Hemispherical malachite aggregate partially covered by euchroite. Width of area is 6 mm. Photo by M. Števkó.

### 4.2. Sulphates

#### 4.2.1. Barite

Barite occurs relatively frequently as clusters of thin tabular colourless crystals up to 3 mm covered by bot-



**Fig. 6a** – Aggregates of prismatic to tabular brochantite crystals. Width of area is 7 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **b** – Radial group of tabular brochantite crystals; SEM photo by M. Števkó.

**Tab. 1** Unit-cell parameters of brochantite (for monoclinic space group P21/a)

| Occurrence                    | Reference                  | a [Å]       | b [Å]      | c [Å]     | $\beta^\circ$ | V [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia            | this paper                 | 13.1195(11) | 9.8461(12) | 6.0157(7) | 103.35(1)     | 756.08(9)           |
| Jáchymov, Czech Republic      | Ondruš et al. (1997)       | 13.445(4)   | 9.856(6)   | 6.024(3)  | 103.42(1)     | 776.5               |
| Socorro, USA                  | Helliwell and Smith (1997) | 13.087(1)   | 9.835(1)   | 6.015(2)  | 103.3         | 753.3               |
| Gelnica, Slovakia             | Sejkora et al. (2001)      | 13.128(2)   | 9.861(1)   | 6.024(1)  | 103.27(1)     | 759.1(2)            |
| Val Fucinaia, Tuscany, Italy  | Merlino (2003)             | 13.140(2)   | 9.863(2)   | 6.024(1)  | 103.16(3)     | 760.12              |
| Horní Slavkov, Czech Republic | Sejkora et al. (2006)      | 13.110(9)   | 9.853(5)   | 6.015(3)  | 103.37(4)     | 755.9               |

ryoidal chrysocolla or crystalline azurite and malachite crusts. Rarely it is overgrown by bariopharmacosiderite-*Q*, tyrolite and euchroite.

Barite was identified by X-ray powder diffraction and semi-quantitative microprobe analyses confirmed the main components, Ba, S and O.

#### 4.2.2. Brochantite

Brochantite has been identified as rare emerald-green crusts (Fig. 6a) which cover several cm<sup>2</sup> in association with azurite and malachite. Crusts are composed of tiny tabular to prismatic crystals up to 0.2 mm (Fig. 6b), grouped into radial aggregates. Brochantite aggregates

are sometimes replaced by parnauite and both are covered by tiny crystals of younger azurite and malachite.

It was identified by X-ray powder diffraction. Its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 1) are in good agreement with the data published for this mineral. The chemical composition of brochantite (Tab. 2) is very simple; only the presence of Cu and S is indicated. Empirical formula of brochantite based on S = 1 is Cu<sub>3.93</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>1.00</sub>(OH)<sub>5.85</sub>.

#### 4.3. Arsenates

##### 4.3.1. Bariopharmacosiderite-*Q*

This mineral occurs as two morphologically different types. The first is represented by thin yellow to yellowish brown crystalline crusts and coatings in fissures. The second occurs as brittle fillings of vugs (Fig. 7a). Both types of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* aggregates are composed of well-developed isolated pseudocubic crystals (Fig. 7b) up to 0.7 mm across. Bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* is one of the oldest supergene arsenates and is often covered by strashimirite, olivenite and cornubite.

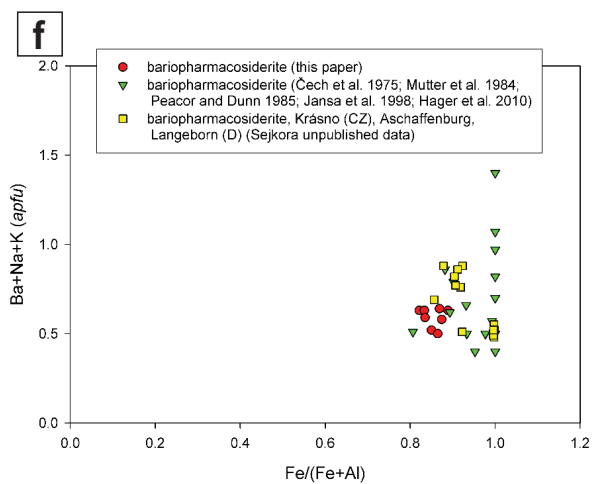
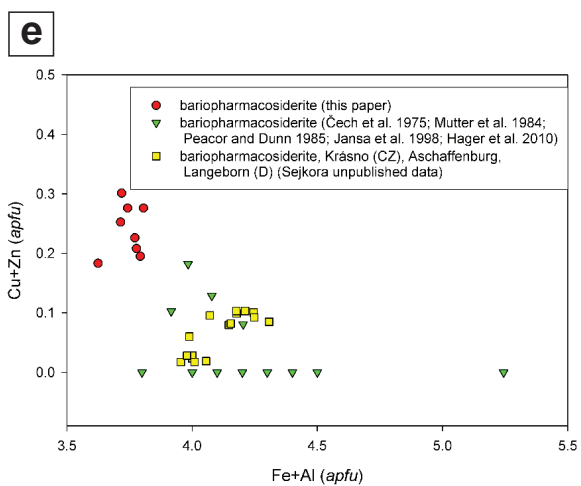
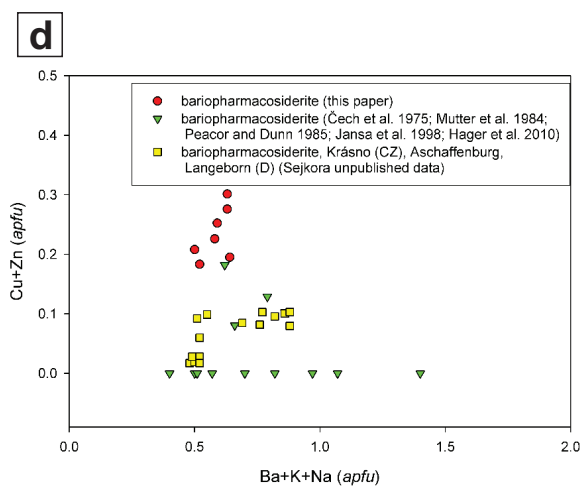
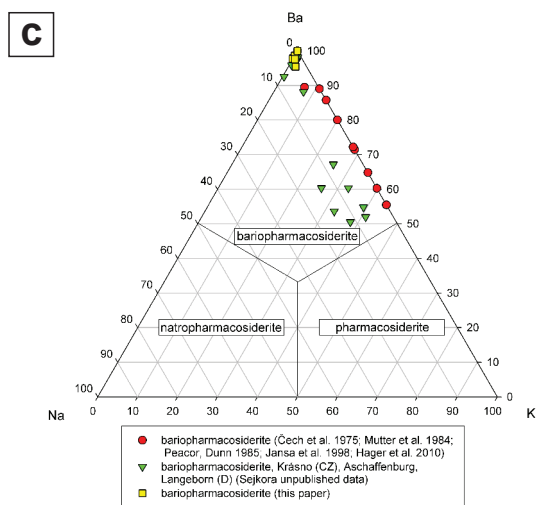
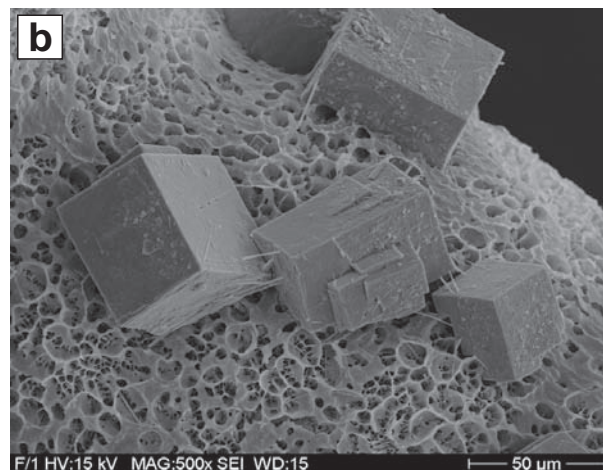
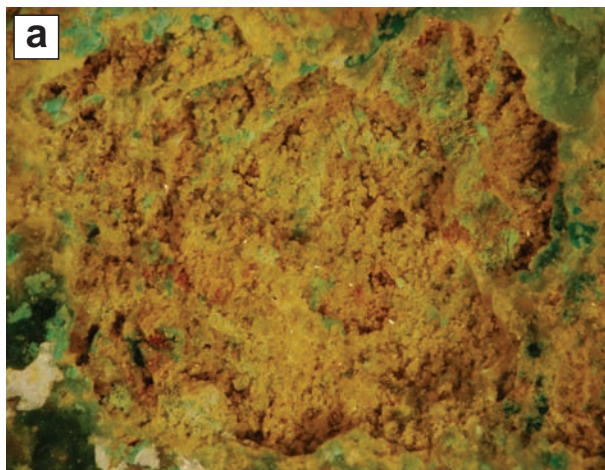
Bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* has been confirmed by X-ray powder diffraction (Tab. 3) and its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 4) fit well with the data published by Hager et al. (2010) for the tetragonal polytype of bariopharmacosiderite. Both types of pharmacosiderite have

**Tab. 2** Chemical composition of brochantite (in wt. %)

|                   | mean 1–3 | 1      | 2      | 3      |
|-------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| CuO               | 71.85    | 71.39  | 71.61  | 72.55  |
| SO <sub>3</sub>   | 18.41    | 18.30  | 18.34  | 18.60  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O* | 12.13    | 12.05  | 12.09  | 12.25  |
| total             | 102.39   | 101.74 | 102.04 | 103.40 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>  | 3.927    | 3.926  | 3.930  | 3.926  |
| S <sup>6+</sup>   | 1.000    | 1.000  | 1.000  | 1.000  |
| OH <sup>-</sup>   | 5.855    | 5.853  | 5.859  | 5.854  |

1–3: mean and representative analyses of brochantite from Farbište. Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming S = 1; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents were calculated on the basis of charge balance.





**Tab. 3** X-ray powder diffraction pattern of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q*

| <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> | <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | 1        | 8.11                     | 100                     | 8.06                      | 1        | 1        | 3        | 2.4339                   | 16                      | 2.4222                    |
| 0        | 1        | 0        | 7.96                     | 70                      | 7.93                      | 3        | 1        | 1        | 2.4017                   | 21                      | 2.3949                    |
| 0        | 1        | 1        | 5.68                     | 18                      | 5.65                      | 2        | 2        | 2        | 2.3088                   | 21                      | 2.3015                    |
| 1        | 1        | 0        | 5.63                     | 22                      | 5.61                      | 0        | 2        | 3        | 2.2338                   | 13                      | 2.2237                    |
| 1        | 1        | 1        | 4.617                    | 35                      | 4.603                     | 2        | 1        | 3        | 2.1499                   | 14                      | 2.1412                    |
| 0        | 0        | 2        | 4.048                    | 25                      | 4.028                     | 3        | 1        | 2        | 2.1278                   | 16                      | 2.1292                    |
| 0        | 2        | 0        | 3.977                    | 34                      | 3.966                     | 0        | 1        | 4        | 1.9634                   | 14                      | 1.9522                    |
| 0        | 2        | 1        | 3.568                    | 20                      | 3.558                     | 2        | 2        | 3        | 1.9470                   | 12                      | 1.9396                    |
| 1        | 1        | 2        | 3.285                    | 21                      | 3.272                     | 3        | 2        | 2        | 1.9292                   | 12                      | 1.9307                    |
| 2        | 1        | 1        | 3.256                    | 67                      | 3.246                     | 4        | 1        | 1        | 1.8727                   | 18                      | 1.8711                    |
| 0        | 2        | 2        | 2.837                    | 42                      | 2.826                     | 4        | 2        | 0        | 1.7773                   | 15                      | 1.7736                    |
| 2        | 2        | 0        | 2.810                    | 26                      | 2.804                     | 4        | 1        | 2        | 1.7371                   | 13                      | 1.7360                    |
| 0        | 0        | 3        | 2.719                    | 34                      | 2.686                     | 3        | 2        | 3        | 1.7055                   | 12                      | 1.7018                    |
| 2        | 2        | 1        | 2.654                    | 24                      | 2.648                     | 4        | 2        | 2        | 1.6289                   | 14                      | 1.6232                    |
| 0        | 1        | 3        | 2.556                    | 23                      | 2.54375                   | 0        | 3        | 4        | 1.6004                   | 13                      | 1.6022                    |
| 0        | 3        | 1        | 2.518                    | 23                      | 2.51211                   | 0        | 5        | 0        | 1.5889                   | 12                      | 1.5864                    |

**Tab. 4** Unit-cell parameters of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* (for tetragonal space group *P*-42*m*)

| Occurrence                           | Reference   | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia                   | this paper  | 7.9317(5)    | 8.0568(7)    | 506.87(4)                  |
| Sunny Corner mine, NSW, Australia    | Hager et al. (2010), bariopharmacosiderite- <i>Q</i>              | 7.947(1)     | 8.049(2)     | 508.3(1)                   |
| Robinson's Reef, Victoria, Australia | Hager et al. (2010), bariopharmacosiderite- <i>C</i> <sup>#</sup> | 7.942(1)     | –            | 500.9(1)                   |

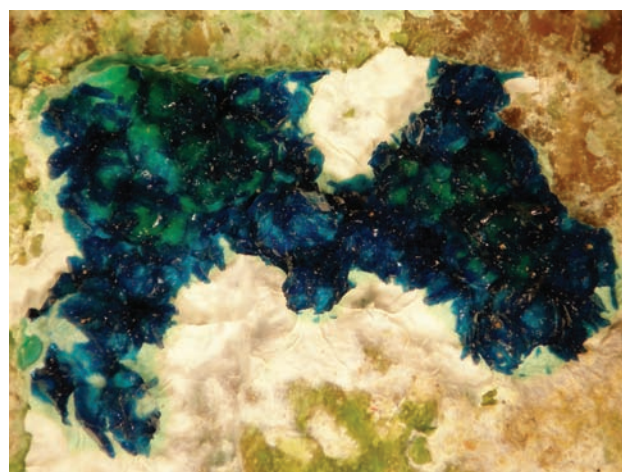
<sup>#</sup> – cubic, space group *P*-43*m*

very similar chemical composition (Tab. 5); only minimal contents of K (up to 0.01 *apfu*) and Na (up to 0.02 *apfu*) were detected (Fig. 7c). Interesting are elevated contents of Cu and Zn, which were reported only for bariopharmacosiderite from Cínovec (Jansa et al. 1998). Diagrams in Figs 7d–e suggest that Cu and Zn probably substitute for Fe<sup>3+</sup> + Al, rather than replacing cations in the Ba + Na + K position. A similar situation for Cu + Zn in the Fe<sup>3+</sup> + Al position of Pb-dominant minerals of the alunite supergroup was described by, e.g., Sato et al. (2008) and Sejkora et al. (2009). Iron in bariopharmacosiderite from Farbište is partly substituted by Al (0.42–0.68 *apfu*, Fig. 7f). Similar aluminium contents were determined in some bariopharmacosiderite samples from Krásno (Sejkora, unpublished data) or from Záblatíčko (Čech et al. 1975) and Cínovec (Jansa et al. 1998). Dominating As in the anion group of bariopharmacosiderite from Farbište is accompanied by negligible contents of P (up to 0.01 *apfu*) and Si (up to 0.02 *apfu*). Empirical formulae for the two studied types of bari-

opharmacosiderite from Farbište were calculated on the basis of (As + P + Si) = 3 *apfu* as follows: (Ba<sub>0.58</sub>Na<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ0.59</sub>(Fe<sub>3.10</sub>Al<sub>0.61</sub>Cu<sub>0.17</sub>Zn<sub>0.09</sub>)<sub>Σ3.97</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2.98</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(OH)<sub>3.81</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O and (Ba<sub>0.57</sub>Na<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ0.58</sub>(Fe<sub>3.30</sub>Al<sub>0.48</sub>Cu<sub>0.13</sub>Zn<sub>0.09</sub>)<sub>Σ4.00</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2.99</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>3.91</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O.

#### 4.3.2. Clinoclase

Clinoclase has been found frequently as clusters and coatings of tabular crystals (Fig. 8), usually up to 1 mm in

**Fig. 8** Aggregates of dark blue clinoclase crystals on strashimirite and white olivenite. Width of area is 7 mm. Photo by M. Števkó.

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**Fig. 7a** – Crystalline crusts and fillings of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q*. Width of area is 5 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **b** – A group of pseudocubic crystals of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* on chrysocolla; SEM photo by M. Števkó. **c** – Na–Ba–K (atomic ratios) ternary diagram for the Ba-dominant members of the pharmacosiderite group. **d** – A binary plot of Ba + K + Na vs. Cu + Zn (*apfu*) for Ba-dominant pharmacosiderite minerals. **e** – A binary plot of Fe + Al vs. Cu + Zn (*apfu*) for Ba-dominant pharmacosiderite minerals. **f** – A binary plot of Fe/(Fe + Al) vs. Ba + Na + K (*apfu*) for Ba-dominant pharmacosiderite minerals.

**Tab. 5** Chemical composition of bariopharmacosiderite-*Q* (in wt. %)

|                                | mean   | 1      | 2      | 3      | mean  | 4     | 5     | 6      |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | 0.03   | 0.00   | 0.05   | 0.04   | 0.04  | 0.06  | 0.05  | 0.00   |
| K <sub>2</sub> O               | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.02  | 0.06  | 0.00  | 0.00   |
| BaO                            | 10.61  | 11.16  | 11.04  | 9.63   | 9.79  | 10.26 | 10.24 | 8.86   |
| CuO                            | 1.56   | 1.92   | 2.05   | 0.70   | 1.17  | 0.96  | 1.58  | 0.97   |
| ZnO                            | 0.84   | 0.64   | 0.77   | 1.11   | 0.86  | 0.76  | 0.84  | 0.98   |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 3.70   | 4.02   | 3.70   | 3.39   | 2.71  | 2.79  | 2.32  | 3.03   |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 29.34  | 28.95  | 28.93  | 30.15  | 29.44 | 28.89 | 29.05 | 30.37  |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | 0.10   | 0.10   | 0.03   | 0.18   | 0.04  | 0.04  | 0.00  | 0.07   |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 40.63  | 39.80  | 40.26  | 41.82  | 38.50 | 37.79 | 37.71 | 40.01  |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.02   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.05   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 16.88  | 16.94  | 16.86  | 16.84  | 16.04 | 15.85 | 15.78 | 16.50  |
| Total                          | 103.71 | 103.53 | 103.69 | 103.91 | 98.61 | 97.46 | 97.57 | 100.79 |
| Na <sup>+</sup>                | 0.008  | 0.000  | 0.014  | 0.011  | 0.011 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.000  |
| K <sup>+</sup>                 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.004 | 0.012 | 0.000 | 0.000  |
| Ba <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.584  | 0.627  | 0.616  | 0.513  | 0.570 | 0.609 | 0.611 | 0.496  |
| Σ Ba-site                      | 0.592  | 0.627  | 0.629  | 0.523  | 0.585 | 0.638 | 0.625 | 0.496  |
| Al <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.613  | 0.680  | 0.621  | 0.543  | 0.476 | 0.498 | 0.416 | 0.510  |
| Fe <sup>3+</sup>               | 3.101  | 3.126  | 3.098  | 3.082  | 3.295 | 3.295 | 3.326 | 3.267  |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.165  | 0.208  | 0.220  | 0.072  | 0.131 | 0.110 | 0.182 | 0.105  |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.087  | 0.068  | 0.081  | 0.111  | 0.094 | 0.085 | 0.094 | 0.103  |
| Σ Fe-site                      | 3.967  | 4.081  | 4.020  | 3.807  | 3.997 | 3.988 | 4.018 | 3.985  |
| Si <sup>4+</sup>               | 0.015  | 0.014  | 0.004  | 0.024  | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.010  |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 2.984  | 2.986  | 2.996  | 2.970  | 2.995 | 2.994 | 3.000 | 2.990  |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.002  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.006  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000  |
| Σ T-site                       | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000 | 3.000 | 3.000 | 3.000  |
| OH                             | 3.810  | 4.209  | 4.000  | 3.250  | 3.915 | 4.011 | 4.015 | 3.731  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | 6.003  | 6.002  | 6.003  | 6.003  | 6.000 | 6.005 | 6.001 | 6.000  |

1–3 – representative analyses of crystalline crusts of bariopharmacosiderite; 4–6 – representative analyses of brittle fillings of bariopharmacosiderite from Farbište. Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P + Si) = 3; H<sub>2</sub>O\* was calculated from the ideal content in the formula H<sub>2</sub>O = 6 and a charge balance.

**Tab. 6** Unit-cell parameters of clinoclase (for monoclinic space group  $P2_1/b$ )

| occurrence               | reference                | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>b</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | $\beta^\circ$ | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper               | 7.2566(4)    | 6.4499(4)    | 12.3741(9)   | 99.485(7)     | 571.24(1)                  |
| Farbište, Slovakia       | Řídkošil (1981b)         | 7.256(3)     | 6.459(3)     | 12.390(5)    | 99.43(3)      | 572.8(4)                   |
| Novoveská Huta, Slovakia | Řídkošil (1981b)         | 7.245(3)     | 6.453(3)     | 12.385(5)    | 99.55(4)      | 570.9(4)                   |
| Lubietová, Slovakia      | Řídkošil (1981b)         | 7.250(4)     | 6.458(4)     | 12.393(7)    | 99.33(5)      | 572.5(5)                   |
| Roughton Gill, England   | Eby and Hawthorne (1990) | 7.257(2)     | 6.457(2)     | 12.378(3)    | 99.5(0)       | 572.0                      |
| Gelnica, Slovakia        | Sejkora et al. (2001)    | 7.273(3)     | 6.462(4)     | 12.401(5)    | 99.49(4)      | 574.9(4)                   |

size, and covering areas up to several cm<sup>2</sup> on fissures and in vugs of mineralized rocks. The crystals are dark-blue to greenish-blue, translucent to transparent with vitreous to pearly lustre. Rare are nearly black, barrel-shaped complex clinoclase aggregates up to 2 mm. Clinoclase is mostly associated with older strashimirite, olivenite and cornubite.

Clinoclase was identified by X-ray powder diffraction. The refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 6) correspond to the published data. The chemical composition of clinoclase is close to the theoretical end member (Tab. 7). Only some crystals contain slightly increased Zn (up to 0.04 *apfu*), Ni and Co (to 0.01 *apfu*). In the anion site, As is

accompanied by minor P (up to 0.02 *apfu*). Interesting are minor contents of F (0.01–0.03 *apfu*), which were not previously reported for this species. The empirical formula for clinoclase from Farbište may be expressed on the basis of (As + P) = 1 *apfu* as (Cu<sub>2.97</sub>Zn<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ2.98</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.99</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>2.95</sub>F<sub>0.02</sub>.

#### 4.3.3. Cornubite

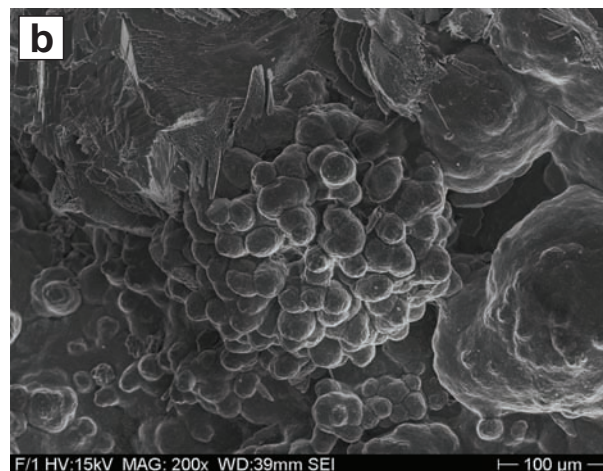
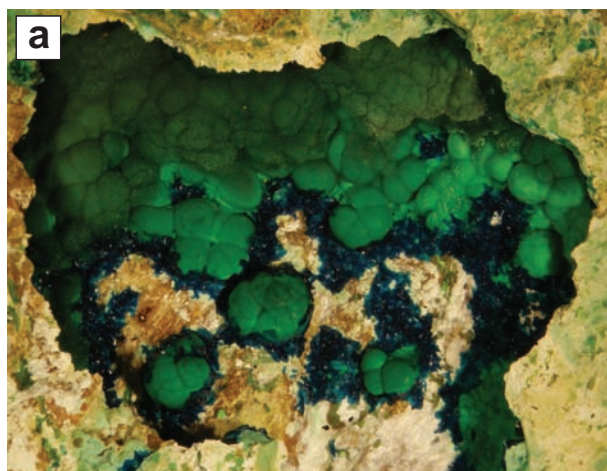
Cornubite has been identified as abundant, pale to dark-green semi-spherical aggregates (Fig. 9a) up to 3 mm across, with vitreous lustre. The aggregates are usually grouped into



**Tab. 7** Chemical composition of clinoclase (in wt. %)

|                                | mean  | 1     | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8     | 9     |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CuO                            | 60.89 | 58.96 | 59.27 | 61.21 | 61.23 | 61.53 | 61.26 | 61.10 | 61.86 | 61.55 |
| CoO                            | 0.02  | 0.11  | 0.11  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| NiO                            | 0.01  | 0.06  | 0.06  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| ZnO                            | 0.28  | 0.77  | 0.62  | 0.06  | 0.21  | 0.21  | 0.22  | 0.02  | 0.23  | 0.19  |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 29.45 | 28.53 | 26.32 | 29.86 | 30.09 | 29.54 | 29.90 | 30.15 | 30.25 | 30.38 |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.10  | 0.29  | 0.29  | 0.03  | 0.06  | 0.06  | 0.05  | 0.03  | 0.05  | 0.07  |
| F                              | 0.09  | 0.09  | 0.05  | 0.04  | 0.11  | 0.09  | 0.07  | 0.11  | 0.08  | 0.13  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 6.86  | 6.70  | 7.28  | 6.83  | 6.76  | 6.97  | 6.84  | 6.69  | 6.89  | 6.75  |
| O=F                            | -0.04 | -0.04 | -0.02 | -0.02 | -0.05 | -0.04 | -0.03 | -0.05 | -0.03 | -0.05 |
| total                          | 97.66 | 95.47 | 93.98 | 98.01 | 98.41 | 98.36 | 98.31 | 98.05 | 99.33 | 99.02 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 2.970 | 2.937 | 3.196 | 2.957 | 2.930 | 2.999 | 2.952 | 2.923 | 2.946 | 2.916 |
| Co <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.001 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Ni <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.013 | 0.038 | 0.033 | 0.003 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.001 | 0.011 | 0.009 |
| subtotal                       | 2.986 | 2.984 | 3.239 | 2.960 | 2.940 | 3.009 | 2.962 | 2.924 | 2.957 | 2.925 |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 0.994 | 0.984 | 0.982 | 0.998 | 0.997 | 0.997 | 0.997 | 0.998 | 0.997 | 0.996 |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.006 | 0.016 | 0.018 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.004 |
| subtotal                       | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| F <sup>-</sup>                 | 0.017 | 0.019 | 0.011 | 0.008 | 0.022 | 0.018 | 0.014 | 0.022 | 0.016 | 0.026 |
| OH <sup>-</sup>                | 2.954 | 2.949 | 3.466 | 2.911 | 2.858 | 3.000 | 2.911 | 2.826 | 2.898 | 2.824 |
| Σ F + OH                       | 2.971 | 2.968 | 3.477 | 2.919 | 2.880 | 3.019 | 2.925 | 2.848 | 2.914 | 2.850 |

1–9: mean and representative analyses of clinoclase from Farbište. Coefficients of empirical formula were calculated on the basis (As + P) = 1; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents based on charge balance.



**Fig. 9a** – Green botryoidal aggregates of cornubite with clinoclase and white olivenite. Width of area is 15 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **b** – Radial aggregate of olivenite crystals completely covered by cornubite crust with characteristic irregular surface. Minor tabular crystals of younger clinoclase are also present; SEM photo by M. Števkó.

crusts and coatings without visible crystals on the surface, which usually cover botryoidal aggregates of older strashimirite and clusters of olivenite crystals (Fig. 9b).

Cornubite was identified by X-ray powder diffraction and its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 8) are in good agreement with the data published for this mineral. The study of chemical composition of cornubite (Tab. 9)

resulted in determination of minor contents of Zn in the range of 0.01–0.05 *apfu* and irregular contents of Ca up to 0.01 *apfu*. Predominating As in the anion group is accompanied by Si (up to 0.06 *apfu*), Sb (up to 0.03 *apfu*) and P (*c.* 0.03 *apfu*). The empirical formula of cornubite calculated on the basis of (As + Si + P + Sb) = 2 is  $(\text{Cu}_{5.03}\text{Zn}_{0.03})_{\Sigma 5.06}(\text{AsO}_4)_{4^{1.96}}(\text{SiO}_4)_{4^{0.03}}(\text{SbO}_4)_{4^{0.01}}(\text{OH})_{4^{0.07}}\text{F}_{0.04}$ .

**Tab. 8** Unit-cell parameters of cornubite (for triclinic space group  $P1$ )

| Occurrence           | Reference               | $a$ [Å]   | $b$ [Å]   | $c$ [Å]    | $\alpha^\circ$ | $\beta^\circ$ | $\gamma^\circ$ | $V$ [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia   | this paper              | 6.1374(8) | 6.2559(9) | 6.7841(10) | 93.071(9)      | 111.346(8)    | 107.398(9)     | 227.60(1)             |
| Reichenbach, Germany | Tillmanns et al. (1985) | 6.121(1)  | 6.251(1)  | 6.790(1)   | 92.93(1)       | 111.30(1)     | 107.47(1)      | 227.9                 |
| Gelnica, Slovakia    | Sejkora et al. (2001)   | 6.14(1)   | 6.24(1)   | 6.80(1)    | 93.3(1)        | 111.36(9)     | 106.8(1)       | 228(1)                |

**Tab. 9** Chemical composition of cornubite and cornwallite (in wt. %)

|                                | mean 1–8 | 1     | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8     | mean 9–13 | 9     | 10    | 11    | 12    | 13    |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CaO                            | 0.04     | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.10  | 0.08  | 0.00  | 0.11  | 0.09      | 0.06  | 0.11  | 0.10  | 0.10  | 0.07  |
| CuO                            | 57.75    | 58.44 | 58.30 | 57.26 | 56.57 | 57.93 | 57.81 | 57.65 | 58.07 | 58.26     | 58.76 | 58.03 | 58.05 | 58.36 | 58.09 |
| ZnO                            | 0.33     | 0.20  | 0.17  | 0.55  | 0.55  | 0.21  | 0.62  | 0.16  | 0.20  | 0.56      | 0.36  | 0.69  | 0.65  | 0.62  | 0.48  |
| Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.23     | 0.34  | 0.00  | 0.20  | 0.18  | 0.05  | 0.21  | 0.72  | 0.14  | 0.00      | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | 0.23     | 0.23  | 0.00  | 0.33  | 0.52  | 0.16  | 0.21  | 0.19  | 0.18  | 0.14      | 0.23  | 0.11  | 0.17  | 0.08  | 0.09  |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 32.48    | 31.58 | 32.98 | 32.21 | 32.20 | 33.07 | 32.84 | 31.95 | 32.98 | 33.16     | 32.69 | 32.86 | 33.40 | 33.85 | 33.02 |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.04     | 0.28  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.11      | 0.04  | 0.14  | 0.14  | 0.15  | 0.10  |
| F                              | 0.11     | 0.08  | 0.12  | 0.08  | 0.07  | 0.12  | 0.16  | 0.15  | 0.07  | 0.10      | 0.11  | 0.06  | 0.09  | 0.09  | 0.15  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 5.30     | 5.53  | 5.43  | 5.26  | 4.99  | 5.26  | 5.31  | 5.30  | 5.32  | 5.37      | 5.52  | 5.46  | 5.27  | 5.28  | 5.36  |
| O=F                            | −0.04    | −0.03 | −0.05 | −0.03 | −0.03 | −0.05 | −0.07 | −0.06 | −0.03 | −0.04     | −0.05 | −0.03 | −0.04 | −0.04 | −0.06 |
| total                          | 96.45    | 96.65 | 96.95 | 95.86 | 95.05 | 96.85 | 97.17 | 96.06 | 97.04 | 97.75     | 97.72 | 97.43 | 97.83 | 98.49 | 97.30 |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.004    | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.012 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.013 | 0.011     | 0.007 | 0.014 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.009 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 5.034    | 5.157 | 5.108 | 5.014 | 4.903 | 5.009 | 5.000 | 5.066 | 5.018 | 5.009     | 5.115 | 5.036 | 4.940 | 4.924 | 5.032 |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.028    | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.047 | 0.047 | 0.018 | 0.052 | 0.014 | 0.017 | 0.047     | 0.031 | 0.059 | 0.054 | 0.051 | 0.041 |
| subtotal                       | 5.067    | 5.175 | 5.122 | 5.061 | 4.950 | 5.039 | 5.062 | 5.080 | 5.049 | 5.066     | 5.153 | 5.108 | 5.006 | 4.987 | 5.082 |
| Si <sup>4+</sup>               | 0.026    | 0.027 | 0.000 | 0.038 | 0.060 | 0.018 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.015     | 0.027 | 0.013 | 0.019 | 0.009 | 0.010 |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 1.959    | 1.929 | 2.000 | 1.952 | 1.932 | 1.979 | 1.966 | 1.943 | 1.973 | 1.974     | 1.970 | 1.974 | 1.967 | 1.977 | 1.980 |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.003    | 0.028 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011     | 0.004 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.014 | 0.010 |
| Sb <sup>5+</sup>               | 0.011    | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.010 | 0.035 | 0.007 | 0.000     | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| subtotal                       | 2.000    | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000     | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.000 |
| F <sup>−</sup>                 | 0.039    | 0.030 | 0.044 | 0.029 | 0.025 | 0.043 | 0.058 | 0.055 | 0.025 | 0.036     | 0.040 | 0.022 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.054 |
| OH <sup>−</sup>                | 4.080    | 4.310 | 4.201 | 4.067 | 3.819 | 4.017 | 4.056 | 4.113 | 4.060 | 4.077     | 4.243 | 4.184 | 3.961 | 3.934 | 4.100 |
| ΣF + OH                        | 4.118    | 4.339 | 4.245 | 4.097 | 3.845 | 4.060 | 4.114 | 4.168 | 4.085 | 4.113     | 4.283 | 4.206 | 3.993 | 3.966 | 4.155 |

1–8 – mean and representative analyses of cornubite; 9–13 – mean and representative analyses of cornwallite from Farbište. Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P + Si + Sb) = 1; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents based on charge balance.

**Tab. 10** Unit-cell parameters of cornwallite (for monoclinic space group  $P2_1/c$ )

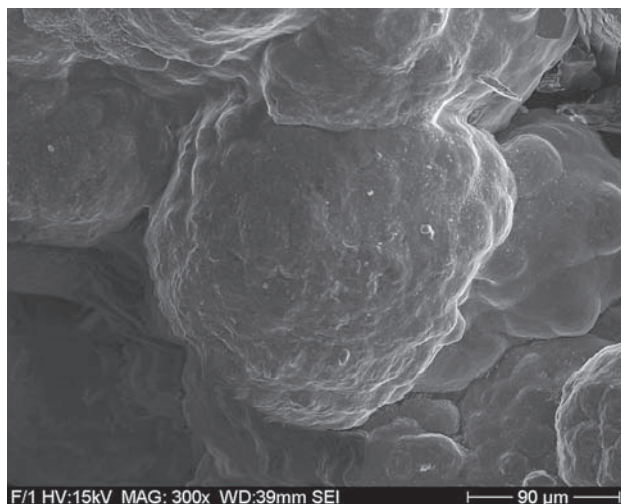
| Occurrence                    | Reference                  | $a$ [Å]   | $b$ [Å]   | $c$ [Å]    | $\beta^\circ$ | $V$ [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia            | this paper                 | 4.6051(2) | 5.7591(5) | 17.3854(3) | 91.93(2)      | 460.9 (1)             |
| Clara Mine, Germany           | Arlt and Armbruster (1999) | 4.600(2)  | 5.757(3)  | 17.380(6)  | 91.87(3)      | 460.04                |
| Gelnica, Slovakia             | Sejkora et al. (2001)      | 4.608(1)  | 5.765(1)  | 17.400(4)  | 92.01(1)      | 461.9(1)              |
| Horní Slavkov, Czech Republic | Sejkora et al. (2006)      | 4.5685(4) | 5.7708(4) | 17.287(1)  | 93.02(2)      | 455.1                 |

#### 4.3.4. Cornwallite

Rare cornwallite occurs as emerald to dark-green botryoidal crusts or isolated hemispherical aggregates up to 2 mm with vitreous lustre, which are partially covered by crystalline crusts of azurite and clusters of euchroite crystals. Surfaces of cornwallite aggregates are irregular (Fig. 10), without any visible crystals.

The mineral was identified by X-ray powder diffraction. The refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 10) correspond to

the published data. Chemical composition of cornwallite (Tab. 9) is relatively simple. Zinc was observed in the range of 0.03–0.06 *apfu* (CuZn<sub>−1</sub> substitution); Si (0.03 *apfu*) and P (to 0.01 *apfu*) accompanying the dominant As in the anion group are the minor substituting elements; some F (0.02–0.05 *apfu*) was also determined. The empirical formula of cornwallite calculated on the basis of (As + Si + P) = 2 is (Cu<sub>5.01</sub>Zn<sub>0.05</sub>)<sub>Σ5.06</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>1.97</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>4.08</sub>F<sub>0.04</sub>.

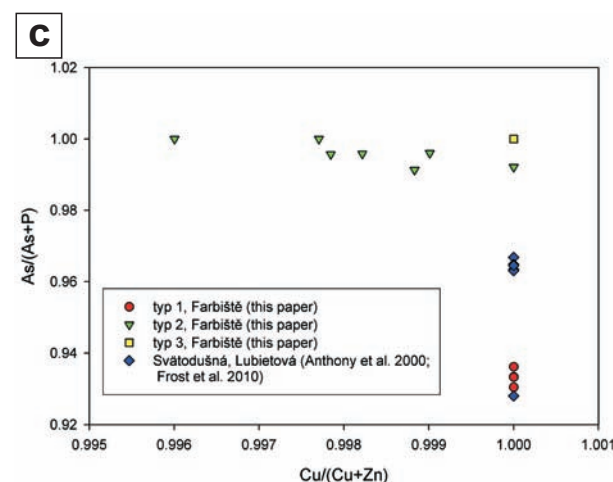
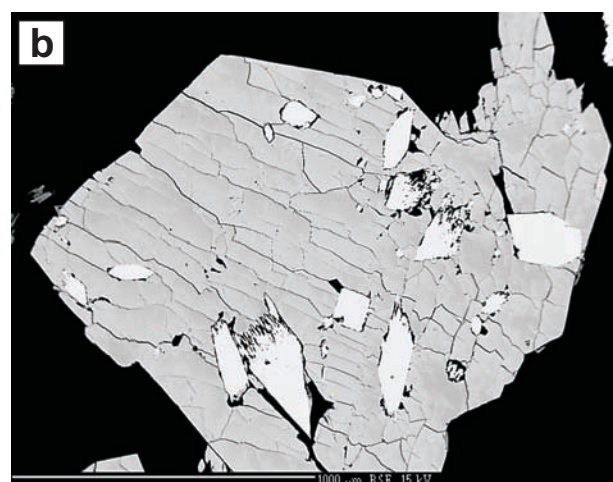


**Fig. 10** Irregular surface of cornwallite aggregates; SEM photo by M. Števkó.

#### 4.3.5. Euchroite

Euchroite has been found at Farbište as well-developed, short prismatic to thick tabular crystals (Fig. 11a) usually up to 4 mm, exceptionally up to 1 cm in size. The crystals usually occur in clusters which overgrow older azurite, malachite, strashimirite and cornubite crystalline crusts and aggregates on fissures and in vugs of mineralized rocks. Clusters of euchroite crystals sometimes cover areas up to 100 cm<sup>2</sup>. Euchroite crystals are of bright emerald-green to leek-green colour, translucent to opaque with a vitreous lustre. Characteristic are euhedral olivenite crystals which are enclosed in euchroite (Fig. 11b). Rare are euchroite crystals completely pseudomorphosed by olivenite or covered by crystalline crusts of younger clinoclase. The second, much rarer form of euchroite, is represented by pale-green hemispherical aggregates up to 2 mm with crystalline surfaces showing minute tabular crystals.

Euchroite has been confirmed by X-ray powder diffraction (Tab. 11). Its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 12) are in good agreement with the data given by Eby and Hawthorne (1989) same as Frost et al. (2010). Typical for euchroite in BSE images is parquet-like pattern of fracturing of crystals (Fig. 11b), caused by partial water loss in vacuum. All the three studied types of euchroite have only minimal contents of minor elements (Tab. 13). Characteristic of the first type (leek-to emerald-green crystals with euhedral olivenite inclusions) are P contents in the range 0.06–0.07 *apfu*; its empirical formula on the basis of (As + P) = 1 *apfu* is  $\text{Cu}_{1.97}(\text{AsO}_4)_{0.93}(\text{PO}_4)_{0.07}(\text{OH})_{0.91}\text{F}_{0.02} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The second type of euchroite (pale-green hemispherical aggregates and crystals) contains minor Zn and P (both only up to 0.01 *apfu*). Its empirical formula is  $\text{Cu}_{1.95}(\text{AsO}_4)_{1.00}(\text{OH})_{0.89}\text{F}_{0.02} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The last type of euchroite (emerald-green crystals and aggregates) is free of minor-elements



**Fig. 11a** – A group of short prismatic euchroite crystals on malachite. Width of area is 7 mm. Photo by V. Betz. **b** – Euhedral inclusions of olivenite (white) in euchroite crystal (light grey); BSE photo by J. Sejkora. **c** – A binary plot of Cu/(Cu + Zn) vs. As/(As + P) (*apfu*) for euchroite.

admixture and its empirical formula is  $\text{Cu}_{1.98}(\text{AsO}_4)_{1.00}(\text{OH})_{0.94}\text{F}_{0.02} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The minor P contents determined in euchroite (Fig. 11c) do not exceed values published for the



**Tab. 11** X-ray powder diffraction data of euchroite

| <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> | <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1        | 1        | 0        | 7.27                     | 100                     | 7.27                      | 1        | 4        | 2        | 1.9535                   | 14                      | 1.9556                    |
| 0        | 2        | 0        | 5.26                     | 52                      | 5.2872                    | 4        | 0        | 2        | 1.9410                   | 15                      | 1.9430                    |
| 1        | 0        | 1        | 5.22                     | 90                      | 5.2270                    | 4        | 3        | 1        | 1.9381                   | 16                      | 1.9386                    |
| 2        | 0        | 0        | 5.03                     | 59                      | 5.0321                    | 5        | 0        | 1        | 1.9115                   | 15                      | 1.9120                    |
| 2        | 1        | 0        | 4.539                    | 21                      | 4.5391                    | 4        | 1        | 2        | 1.9088                   | 13                      | 1.9107                    |
| 1        | 2        | 1        | 3.703                    | 66                      | 3.7068                    | 3        | 3        | 2        | 1.8976                   | 14                      | 1.8995                    |
| 2        | 1        | 1        | 3.642                    | 21                      | 3.6451                    | 0        | 2        | 3        | 1.8968                   | 14                      | 1.9010                    |
| 2        | 2        | 0        | 3.635                    | 22                      | 3.6353                    | 2        | 0        | 3        | 1.8856                   | 13                      | 1.8897                    |
| 1        | 3        | 0        | 3.310                    | 17                      | 3.3100                    | 2        | 1        | 3        | 1.8560                   | 15                      | 1.8599                    |
| 3        | 1        | 0        | 3.196                    | 20                      | 3.1960                    | 2        | 4        | 2        | 1.8517                   | 12                      | 1.8534                    |
| 2        | 2        | 1        | 3.123                    | 19                      | 3.1250                    | 2        | 5        | 1        | 1.8491                   | 13                      | 1.8495                    |
| 0        | 0        | 2        | 3.051                    | 19                      | 3.0584                    | 2        | 2        | 3        | 1.7749                   | 12                      | 1.7783                    |
| 3        | 0        | 1        | 2.940                    | 35                      | 2.9414                    | 5        | 3        | 0        | 1.7455                   | 14                      | 1.7455                    |
| 0        | 1        | 2        | 2.930                    | 21                      | 2.9367                    | 3        | 0        | 3        | 1.7391                   | 12                      | 1.7424                    |
| 1        | 0        | 2        | 2.919                    | 17                      | 2.9262                    | 4        | 4        | 1        | 1.7420                   | 14                      | 1.7424                    |
| 2        | 3        | 0        | 2.876                    | 15                      | 2.8761                    | 3        | 1        | 3        | 1.7158                   | 13                      | 1.7189                    |
| 3        | 1        | 1        | 2.831                    | 72                      | 2.8326                    | 3        | 4        | 2        | 1.7124                   | 15                      | 1.7138                    |
| 3        | 2        | 0        | 2.828                    | 46                      | 2.8280                    | 3        | 5        | 1        | 1.7104                   | 16                      | 1.7107                    |
| 1        | 1        | 2        | 2.813                    | 24                      | 2.8191                    | 1        | 5        | 2        | 1.7064                   | 14                      | 1.7077                    |
| 0        | 2        | 2        | 2.639                    | 29                      | 2.6436                    | 2        | 3        | 3        | 1.6605                   | 16                      | 1.6633                    |
| 0        | 4        | 0        | 2.629                    | 46                      | 2.6288                    | 1        | 6        | 1        | 1.6613                   | 17                      | 1.6616                    |
| 2        | 0        | 2        | 2.609                    | 22                      | 2.6135                    | 5        | 1        | 2        | 1.6590                   | 15                      | 1.6603                    |
| 2        | 3        | 1        | 2.602                    | 16                      | 2.6027                    | 6        | 1        | 0        | 1.6564                   | 15                      | 1.6564                    |
| 3        | 2        | 1        | 2.566                    | 23                      | 2.5670                    | 2        | 6        | 0        | 1.6550                   | 13                      | 1.6550                    |
| 1        | 2        | 2        | 2.552                    | 20                      | 2.5569                    | 3        | 2        | 3        | 1.6511                   | 12                      | 1.6539                    |
| 1        | 4        | 0        | 2.543                    | 33                      | 2.5434                    | 4        | 4        | 2        | 1.5615                   | 14                      | 1.5625                    |
| 2        | 1        | 2        | 2.532                    | 16                      | 2.5364                    | 4        | 5        | 1        | 1.5599                   | 13                      | 1.5602                    |
| 1        | 4        | 1        | 2.3476                   | 19                      | 2.3485                    | 3        | 3        | 3        | 1.5579                   | 12                      | 1.5602                    |
| 2        | 2        | 2        | 2.3368                   | 16                      | 2.3403                    | 3        | 5        | 2        | 1.5386                   | 12                      | 1.5396                    |
| 2        | 4        | 0        | 2.3300                   | 22                      | 2.3300                    | 2        | 4        | 3        | 1.5322                   | 11                      | 1.5344                    |
| 4        | 0        | 1        | 2.3260                   | 16                      | 2.3269                    | 0        | 6        | 2        | 1.5196                   | 13                      | 1.5206                    |
| 4        | 1        | 1        | 2.2711                   | 22                      | 2.2719                    | 4        | 2        | 3        | 1.5146                   | 15                      | 1.5167                    |
| 4        | 2        | 0        | 2.2695                   | 23                      | 2.2695                    | 5        | 3        | 2        | 1.5150                   | 14                      | 1.5160                    |
| 3        | 3        | 1        | 2.2523                   | 17                      | 2.2531                    | 0        | 1        | 4        | 1.5095                   | 14                      | 1.5133                    |
| 1        | 3        | 2        | 2.2432                   | 12                      | 2.2463                    | 1        | 0        | 4        | 1.5081                   | 13                      | 1.5118                    |
| 3        | 1        | 2        | 2.2067                   | 16                      | 2.2097                    | 3        | 6        | 1        | 1.5053                   | 14                      | 1.5055                    |
| 4        | 2        | 1        | 2.1271                   | 13                      | 2.1278                    | 1        | 6        | 2        | 1.5026                   | 13                      | 1.5035                    |
| 2        | 3        | 2        | 2.0927                   | 12                      | 2.0952                    | 6        | 1        | 2        | 1.4557                   | 14                      | 1.4565                    |
| 3        | 2        | 2        | 2.0739                   | 12                      | 2.0764                    | 2        | 6        | 2        | 1.4547                   | 13                      | 1.4556                    |
| 3        | 4        | 0        | 2.0692                   | 14                      | 2.0692                    | 1        | 2        | 4        | 1.4496                   | 13                      | 1.4530                    |
| 1        | 5        | 0        | 2.0585                   | 18                      | 2.0585                    | 3        | 4        | 3        | 1.4504                   | 12                      | 1.4523                    |
| 4        | 3        | 0        | 2.0439                   | 15                      | 2.0439                    | 2        | 1        | 4        | 1.4458                   | 12                      | 1.4492                    |
| 1        | 1        | 3        | 1.9585                   | 16                      | 1.9632                    | 1        | 5        | 3        | 1.4468                   | 11                      | 1.4486                    |
| 3        | 4        | 1        | 1.9595                   | 17                      | 1.9601                    |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |

**Tab. 12** Unit-cell parameters of euchroite (for orthorhombic space group  $P2_12_12_1$ )

| Occurrence                 | Reference                | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>b</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia         | this paper               | 10.0641(6)   | 10.5150(6)   | 6.1167(4)    | 647.30(7)                  |
| Copper Cliff, Montana, USA | Eby and Hawthorne (1989) | 10.056(2)    | 10.506(2)    | 6.103(2)     | 644.77                     |
| Ľubietová, Slovakia        | Frost et al. (2010)      | 10.053(1)    | 10.509(1)    | 6.1086(7)    | 645.34(9)                  |

**Tab. 13** Chemical composition of euchroite (in wt. %)

|                                | mean 1–3 | 1      | 2      | 3      | mean 4–9 | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      | 9      | mean 10–11 | 10     | 11     |
|--------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|
| CuO                            | 51.61    | 49.86  | 53.31  | 51.66  | 50.15    | 50.10  | 49.40  | 49.42  | 51.17  | 51.02  | 49.79  | 50.78      | 51.36  | 50.20  |
| ZnO                            | 0.00     | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.09     | 0.06   | 0.00   | 0.05   | 0.21   | 0.12   | 0.11   | 0.00       | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 35.40    | 34.42  | 36.17  | 35.60  | 36.94    | 37.02  | 36.80  | 36.41  | 37.01  | 37.07  | 37.34  | 36.97      | 37.80  | 36.13  |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 1.56     | 1.45   | 1.67   | 1.57   | 0.10     | 0.20   | 0.18   | 0.09   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.10   | 0.00       | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| F                              | 0.14     | 0.15   | 0.12   | 0.15   | 0.14     | 0.12   | 0.15   | 0.15   | 0.11   | 0.15   | 0.16   | 0.15       | 0.17   | 0.12   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 20.54    | 19.87  | 21.18  | 20.70  | 20.04    | 20.09  | 19.84  | 19.73  | 20.29  | 20.23  | 20.05  | 20.13      | 20.45  | 19.81  |
| O=F                            | –0.06    | –0.06  | –0.05  | –0.06  | –0.06    | –0.05  | –0.06  | –0.06  | –0.05  | –0.06  | –0.07  | –0.06      | –0.07  | –0.05  |
| total                          | 109.19   | 105.69 | 112.40 | 109.62 | 107.40   | 107.54 | 106.31 | 105.79 | 108.74 | 108.53 | 107.48 | 107.96     | 109.71 | 106.21 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 1.966    | 1.959  | 1.981  | 1.957  | 1.953    | 1.938  | 1.924  | 1.953  | 1.997  | 1.988  | 1.918  | 1.985      | 1.963  | 2.007  |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.000    | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.003    | 0.002  | 0.000  | 0.002  | 0.008  | 0.005  | 0.004  | 0.000      | 0.000  | 0.000  |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 0.933    | 0.936  | 0.930  | 0.933  | 0.996    | 0.991  | 0.992  | 0.996  | 1.000  | 1.000  | 0.996  | 1.000      | 1.000  | 1.000  |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.067    | 0.064  | 0.070  | 0.067  | 0.004    | 0.009  | 0.008  | 0.004  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.004  | 0.000      | 0.000  | 0.000  |
| F <sup>–</sup>                 | 0.022    | 0.025  | 0.019  | 0.024  | 0.023    | 0.019  | 0.024  | 0.025  | 0.018  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.024      | 0.027  | 0.020  |
| OH <sup>–</sup>                | 0.909    | 0.894  | 0.944  | 0.890  | 0.890    | 0.862  | 0.824  | 0.885  | 0.993  | 0.961  | 0.819  | 0.946      | 0.899  | 0.995  |
| ΣF + OH                        | 0.932    | 0.918  | 0.962  | 0.913  | 0.913    | 0.881  | 0.848  | 0.910  | 1.011  | 0.986  | 0.844  | 0.969      | 0.926  | 1.015  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | 3.000    | 3.001  | 3.004  | 3.017  | 3.001    | 3.001  | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.001  | 3.000  | 3.001  | 3.001      | 3.002  | 3.000  |

means and representative analyses for euchroite from Farbište.

1–3: leek- to emerald-green crystals; 4–9: pale-green hemispherical aggregates and crystals; 10–11: emerald-green crystals and aggregates.

Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P) = 1; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents were calculated on the basis of H<sub>2</sub>O = 3 and a charge balance.

same mineral from Svätodušná deposit, Lubietová, Slovak Republic (Anthony et al. 2000; Frost et al. 2010). Interesting is the F content of 0.02–0.03 *apfu* in all types of the studied samples, as such elevated fluorine concentrations were not reported as yet for this species.

#### 4.3.6. Olivenite

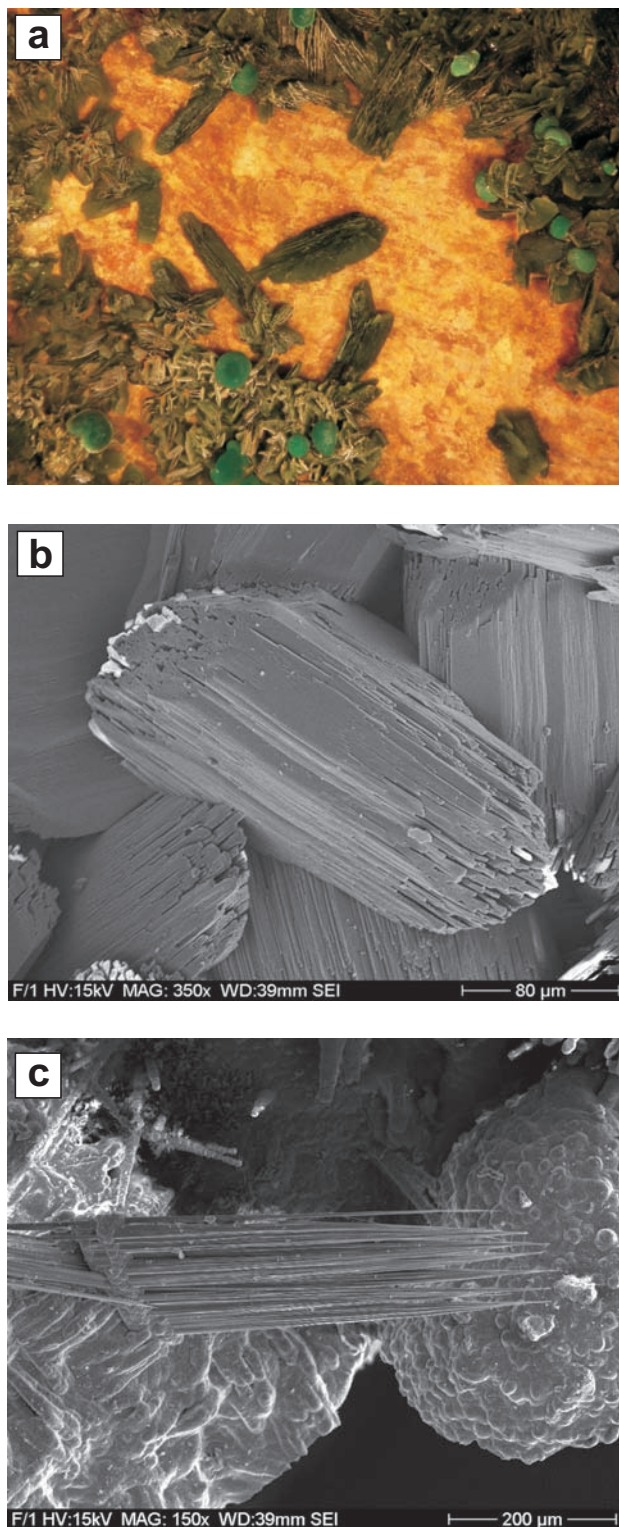
Olivenite occurs in fissures of mineralized rocks with other arsenates in three morphologically different types. The first, most abundant one are white to pale-green fibrous coatings (Fig. 8) and radial aggregates with silky lustre. The second habit is short to long prismatic or tabular olive to dark-green crystals (Figs 12a–b) up to 3 mm, enclosed in euchroite or forming isolated clusters and crystalline crusts. Such crystals sometimes completely replace euchroite. The third form of olivenite occurs as olive to pale-green acicular crystals (Fig. 12c) up to 2 mm in size, which are usually grouped to spherical aggregates and crusts. Two generations of olivenite were principally observed. Olivenite I (white fibrous, prismatic or acicular) is older than strashimirite and is often overgrown by

cornubite, euchroite and clinoclase. Younger olivenite II is represented by prismatic to tabular crystals, which are exclusively enclosed in euchroite and sometimes even completely replace crystals of this mineral.

Each type of olivenite was identified by X-ray powder diffraction. The refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 14) correspond well with the data published for this species. Chemical compositions of two olivenite generations were determined (Tab. 15). The first (prismatic crystals enclosed in euchroite) contains only minor Zn and P (up to 0.01 *apfu*). Its empirical formula on the basis of (As + P) = 1 is Cu<sub>2.02</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.99</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>1.02</sub>F<sub>0.02</sub>. The second (acicular crystals on strashimirite) contains Zn (up to 0.02 *apfu*) and Al (up to 0.01 *apfu*). The dominant As in the anion group is substituted by a small amount of Sb (up to 0.01 *apfu*). Phosphorus content resulting from otherwise common PAs<sub>–1</sub> substitution was not detected. The empirical formula of olivenite based on (As + Sb) = 1 is (Cu<sub>2.00</sub>Zn<sub>0.01</sub>Al<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ2.02</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.99</sub>(SbO<sub>3</sub>OH)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>1.01</sub>F<sub>0.02</sub>. Minor contents of F (0.02–0.03 *apfu*) in both types of olivenite are interesting as no report on fluorine presence in olivenite was found in the literature.

**Tab. 14** Unit-cell parameters of olivenite (for orthorhombic space group *Pnnm*)

| Occurrence               | Reference                       | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>b</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper (white fibrous)      | 8.2151(7)    | 8.6080(7)    | 5.9193(5)    | 418.59(6)                  |
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper (prismatic crystals) | 8.2189(7)    | 8.6111(7)    | 5.9209(5)    | 419.05(3)                  |
| Cornwall, England        | Burns and Hawthorne (1995)      | 8.2076(2)    | 8.5894(2)    | 5.9286(1)    | 417.9                      |
| Gelnica, Slovakia        | Sejkora et al. (2001)           | 8.245(2)     | 8.633(2)     | 5.940(1)     | 422.8(1)                   |
| Majuba Hill, Nevada, USA | Li et al. (2008)                | 8.2084(3)    | 8.5844(3)    | 5.9258(2)    | 417.56(3)                  |



**Fig. 12a** – Aggregates of tabular olivinite crystals covered by hemispherical aggregates of malachite. Width of area is 10 mm. **b** – A group of prismatic olivinite crystals; SEM. **c** – Aggregate of acicular olivinite crystals partially covered by cornubite; SEM. All photos by M. Števkó.

#### 4.3.7. Parnauite

Very rare parnaute has been identified as blue-green crystalline coatings which have replaced crystalline aggregates of brochantite (Fig. 13a), or as thin crusts composed of tiny platy crystals in association with strashimirite and euchroite.

Parnauite has been confirmed by X-ray powder diffraction (Tab. 16). Its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 17) are in good agreement with the data given by Wise (1978) and Frost et al. (2009a). The crystal structure has not been determined yet but the following ideal formula has been proposed:  $\text{Cu}_9(\text{AsO}_4)_2(\text{SO}_4)(\text{OH})_{10} \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Wise 1978; Frost et al. 2009a). The possible presence of carbonate groups, reported by Wise (1978) for material from the Majuba Hill mine, was not confirmed by a detailed spectroscopic study of parnaute from the Svätodušná deposit (Frost et al. 2009a). Parnauite from Farbište contains, in contrast to other known analyses of this species, elevated Zn of 0.39–0.46 *apfu* (Fig. 13b) and significantly lower contents of other minor elements. The sum of Ca + Fe + Co + Ni + Al varies between 0.06 and 0.09 *apfu* (Fig. 13c). The composition of the anion group in parnaute from Farbište is near to an ideal one (Fig. 13d), whereas parnaute from the Majuba Hill mine (Wise 1978) and Svätodušná deposit (Frost et al. 2009a) exhibits an As-deficiency and notably increased P contents. The chemical composition of parnaute from Farbište (Tab. 18) based on  $(\text{As} + \text{P} + \text{S} + \text{Si} + \text{Sb}) = 3$  *apfu* corresponds to an empirical formula  $(\text{Cu}_{9.08}\text{Zn}_{0.41}\text{Fe}_{0.02}\text{Al}_{0.02}\text{Co}_{0.02}\text{Ni}_{0.01}\text{Ca}_{0.01})_{\Sigma 9.57}[(\text{AsO}_4)_{2.06}(\text{PO}_4)_{0.01}]_{\Sigma 2.07}[(\text{SO}_4)_{0.88}(\text{SbO}_3\text{OH})_{0.04}(\text{SiO}_4)_{0.02}]_{\Sigma 0.94}(\text{OH})_{11.03} \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

#### 4.3.8. Strashimirite

Strashimirite occurs frequently as pale green to white botryoidal crusts (Fig. 14a) which cover several cm<sup>2</sup> and form isolated hemispherical aggregates up to 3 mm. Typical are a fibrous internal structure and a pearly lustre due to surfaces covered by tiny acicular to platy crystals (Fig. 14b). As one of the oldest arsenate minerals on the locality, strashimirite is usually overgrown by younger olivenite, cornubite, euchroite and clinoclase, and also by azurite and malachite crusts. Strashimirite has been confirmed by X-ray powder diffraction (Tab. 19). Its refined unit-cell parameters (Tab. 20) are in good agreement with the published data. However, Frost et al. (2009b) reported lower values, particularly for parameters *a* and *b*, for samples from Zálesí and Svätodušná deposits. Strashimirite crystal structure remains undetermined and the ideal formula proposed is  $\text{Cu}_8(\text{AsO}_4)_4(\text{OH})_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Minčeva-Stefanova 1998; Frost et al. 2009b). Two morphological varieties of strashimirite occur at Farbište.



**Tab. 15** Chemical composition of olivenite (wt. %)

|                                | mean 1–3 | 1     | 2     | 3     | mean 4–8 | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8     |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CuO                            | 55.90    | 56.03 | 56.03 | 55.64 | 54.90    | 54.99 | 54.44 | 54.78 | 55.14 | 55.13 |
| ZnO                            | 0.09     | 0.00  | 0.11  | 0.17  | 0.22     | 0.12  | 0.14  | 0.19  | 0.42  | 0.23  |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.00     | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.15     | 0.18  | 0.25  | 0.23  | 0.06  | 0.05  |
| Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.00     | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.54     | 0.37  | 0.38  | 0.64  | 0.64  | 0.67  |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 39.66    | 39.47 | 39.54 | 39.96 | 39.17    | 39.01 | 39.60 | 39.25 | 38.72 | 39.29 |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.18     | 0.19  | 0.14  | 0.21  | 0.00     | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| F                              | 0.14     | 0.17  | 0.14  | 0.12  | 0.15     | 0.17  | 0.12  | 0.18  | 0.12  | 0.16  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 3.22     | 3.26  | 3.30  | 3.11  | 3.21     | 3.28  | 3.08  | 3.18  | 3.37  | 3.17  |
| O=F                            | –0.06    | –0.07 | –0.06 | –0.05 | –0.06    | –0.07 | –0.05 | –0.08 | –0.05 | –0.07 |
| total                          | 99.13    | 99.05 | 99.20 | 99.16 | 98.28    | 98.05 | 97.96 | 98.37 | 98.42 | 98.63 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 2.022    | 2.035 | 2.036 | 1.995 | 2.003    | 2.021 | 1.971 | 1.991 | 2.031 | 2.000 |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.003    | 0.000 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.008    | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.015 | 0.008 |
| Al <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.000    | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.009    | 0.010 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.003 |
| subtotal                       | 2.025    | 2.035 | 2.039 | 2.001 | 2.019    | 2.036 | 1.990 | 2.011 | 2.049 | 2.011 |
| Sb <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.000    | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011    | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 0.993    | 0.992 | 0.994 | 0.992 | 0.989    | 0.993 | 0.992 | 0.987 | 0.987 | 0.987 |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.007    | 0.008 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.000    | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| subtotal                       | 1.000    | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000    | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| F <sup>–</sup>                 | 0.022    | 0.026 | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.023    | 0.026 | 0.018 | 0.027 | 0.019 | 0.024 |
| OH <sup>–</sup>                | 1.028    | 1.044 | 1.058 | 0.983 | 1.035    | 1.064 | 0.984 | 1.019 | 1.097 | 1.014 |
| ΣF + OH                        | 1.050    | 1.070 | 1.079 | 1.001 | 1.058    | 1.090 | 1.002 | 1.047 | 1.115 | 1.039 |

Mean and representative analyses of 1–3: prismatic crystals of olivenite enclosed in euchroite; 4–8: acicular crystals of olivenite on strashimirite.

Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P + Sb) = 1; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents were calculated on the basis of charge balance.

**Tab. 16** X-ray powder diffraction pattern of parnaute from Farbište

| <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0        | 1        | 0        | 14.30                    | 100                     | 14.30                     |
| 1        | 1        | 0        | 10.40                    | 29                      | 10.36                     |
| 0        | 2        | 0        | 7.14                     | 8                       | 7.14                      |
| 1        | 2        | 0        | 6.42                     | 3                       | 6.45                      |
| 1        | 0        | 1        | 5.61                     | 1                       | 5.59                      |
| 0        | 3        | 0        | 4.729                    | 2                       | 4.759                     |
| 1        | 3        | 0        | 4.530                    | 57                      | 4.537                     |
| 2        | 3        | 0        | 3.990                    | 20                      | 4.021                     |
| 0        | 4        | 0        | 3.520                    | 4                       | 3.569                     |
| 3        | 3        | 0        | 3.440                    | 5                       | 3.452                     |
| 5        | 1        | 0        | 2.929                    | 4                       | 2.944                     |
| 0        | 5        | 0        | 2.848                    | 16                      | 2.855                     |
| 1        | 5        | 0        | 2.797                    | 6                       | 2.805                     |
| 2        | 5        | 0        | 2.657                    | 3                       | 2.669                     |
| 3        | 0        | 2        | 2.568                    | 5                       | 2.580                     |
| 3        | 1        | 2        | 2.534                    | 5                       | 2.539                     |
| 5        | 3        | 0        | 2.522                    | 6                       | 2.543                     |
| 4        | 0        | 2        | 2.3302                   | 2                       | 2.3495                    |
| 4        | 1        | 2        | 2.3146                   | 1                       | 2.3183                    |
| 3        | 3        | 2        | 2.2360                   | 4                       | 2.2682                    |
| 5        | 4        | 1        | 2.1389                   | 2                       | 2.1487                    |
| 1        | 7        | 0        | 2.0973                   | 1                       | 2.0209                    |

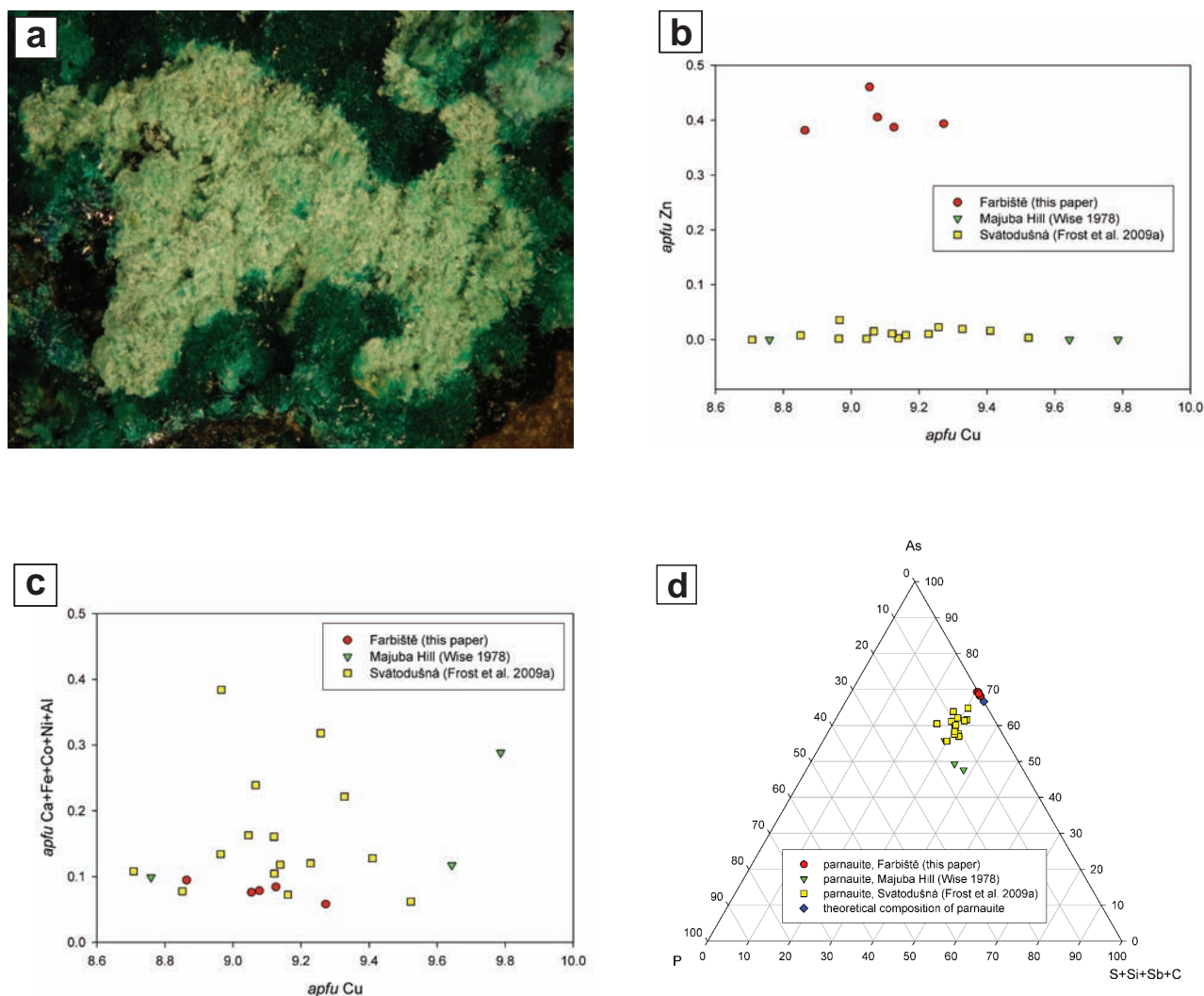
The first forms fine fibrous aggregates similar to samples from the localities Svätodušná and Zálesí (Frost et al. 2009b). The totals of chemical analyses including calculated contents of H<sub>2</sub>O vary in the range 104–108 wt. %. The second variety forms compact aggregates with distinct concentric zoning seen in BSE images (Fig. 14c). Detailed observations and quantitative chemical analyses prove that the zoning corresponds to micro-porosity variations in the studied strashimirite and is not related to variation in chemical composition. Totals of chemical analyses for this type of strashimirite, including theoretical amount of H<sub>2</sub>O, vary in the range 110–118 wt. %.

The chemical compositions of both types of strashimirite are closely similar (Tab. 21). The cation positions are occupied by dominating Cu with minor Zn, Ca, Fe, Al and Pb (total of minor elements is 0.09–0.38 *apfu*);

similar compositions were reported in other published analyses of this mineral (Fig. 14d). Strashimirite from Farbište differs only by the limited content of Zn (up to 0.20 *apfu*) and lower contents of other elements such as Ni, Co or Ca (Fig. 14e). In anion sites the dominating As is accompanied by minor S (up to 0.12 *apfu*), Sb and Si (up to 0.06 *apfu*), and P (up to 0.05 *apfu*). Similar contents of minor elements were reported in strashimirite from the Zálesí and Svätodušná deposits (Frost et al. 2009b). On the other hand, F determined in strashimirite from Farbište (0.07–0.12 *apfu*) was not noted as yet for this species. The empirical formula for both varieties of strashimirite was calculated on the basis of (As + P + Si + S + Sb) = 4 as follows: (Cu<sub>8.05</sub>Zn<sub>0.12</sub>Al<sub>0.04</sub>Ca<sub>0.03</sub>)<sub>Σ8.24</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3.87</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.06</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.03</sub>(SbO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(OH)<sub>4.43</sub>F<sub>0.10</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O (fibrous) and (Cu<sub>8.37</sub>Zn<sub>0.18</sub>Fe<sub>0.05</sub>Ca<sub>0.04</sub>Al<sub>0.03</sub>Pb<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ8.68</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3.91</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.04</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.02</sub>(SbO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.01</sub>(OH)<sub>5.29</sub>F<sub>0.10</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O (compact aggregates).

#### 4.3.9. Tyrolite

Tyrolite is typical and the most abundant arsenate at this locality, especially at the dump of the upper adit. It forms radial aggregates (Fig. 15a) up to 1 cm across with a char-



**Fig. 13a** – Blue-green parnaute crystalline aggregates replacing brochantite. Width of area is 5 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **b** – A binary plot of Cu vs. Zn ( $apfu$ ) for parnaute. **c** – A binary plot of Cu vs. Ca + Fe + Co + Ni + Al ( $apfu$ ) for parnaute. **d** – The P–As–(S + Si + Sb + C) (atomic ratios) ternary plot for parnaute.

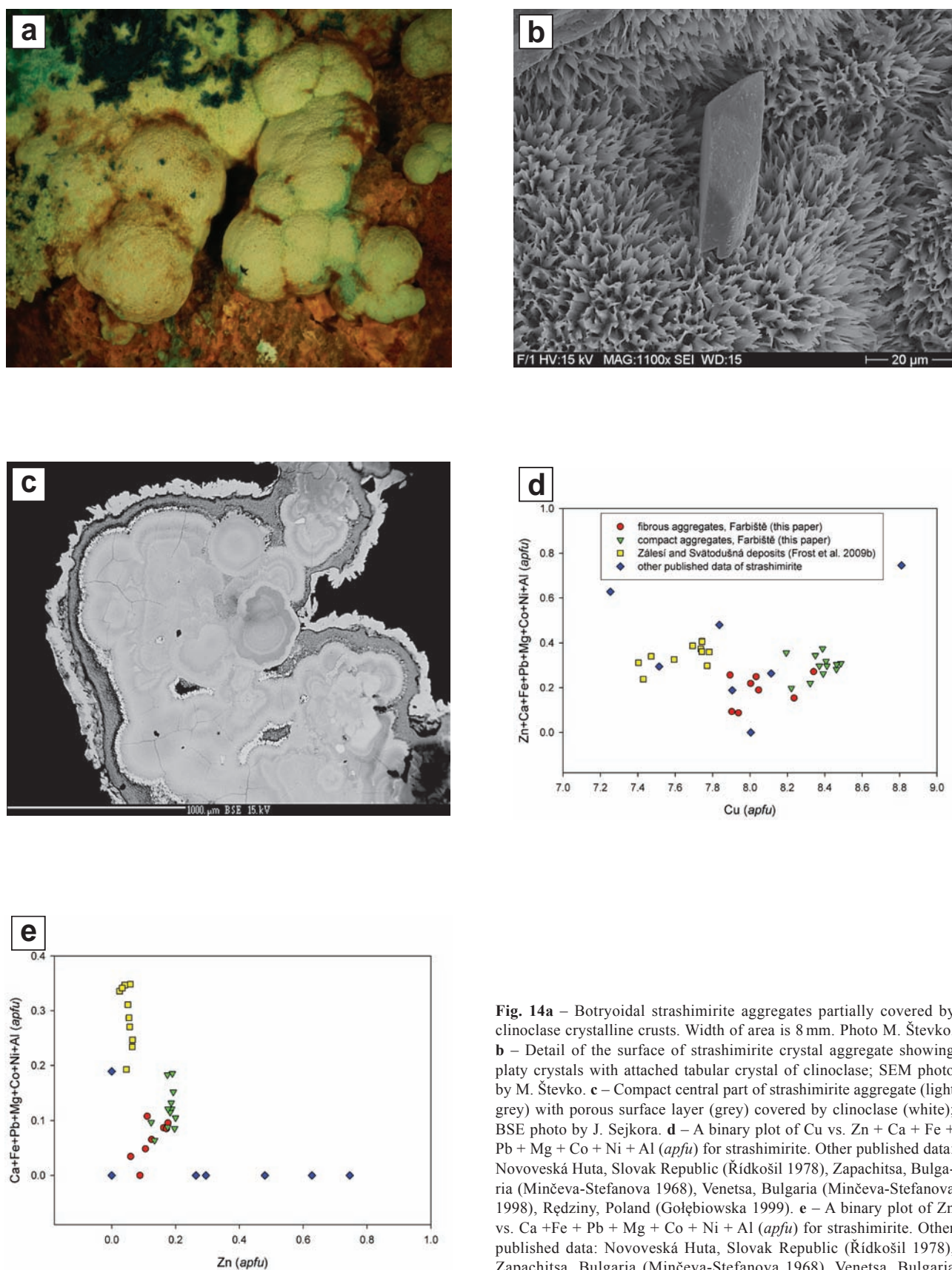
**Tab. 17** Unit-cell parameters of parnaute (for orthorhombic space group  $P2_122$ )

| Occurrence               | Reference            | $a$ [Å]    | $b$ [Å]   | $c$ [Å]  | $V$ [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper           | 14.887(14) | 14.239(7) | 6.055(3) | 1283.6(11)            |
| Majuba Hill, Nevada, USA | Wise (1978)          | 14.98(1)   | 14.223(8) | 6.018(8) | 1282.2                |
| Ľubietová, Slovakia      | Frost et al. (2009a) | 14.915(7)  | 14.190(5) | 6.003(4) | 1270.5(9)             |

acteristic pearly lustre, in fissures of mineralized rocks, mostly in association with chrysocolla, azurite and barite. Two different colour-types of tyrolite were observed: emerald to grass green and pale blue-green aggregates. In vugs, the tyrolite occurs rarely also as hemispherical or irregular aggregates of well developed platy to tabular crystals (Fig. 15b) which are sometimes covered with, or replaced by, thin botryoidal coatings of chrysocolla.

Tyrolite was identified using X-ray powder diffraction (Tab. 22) and refined unit-cell parameters of both colour types (Tab. 23). The data obtained fit well with

those published by Krivovichev et al. (2006) for the polytype 1*M*. Data given for the 2*M* polytype (Krivovichev et al. 2006) and the discredited  $(SO_4)^{2-}$  analogue of tyrolite, clinotyrolite (Ma et al. 1980) are clearly different. The chemical composition of tyrolite has not been completely clarified yet, especially with respect to the role of  $(CO_3)^{2-}$  and  $(SO_4)^{2-}$  groups. Recent papers, e.g. Krivovichev et al. (2006), proposed an ideal formula of  $Ca_2Cu_9(AsO_4)_4(CO_3)(OH)_8 \cdot 11-12H_2O$ , with  $H_2O$  and carbonate groups significantly disordered in the interlayer of the crystal structure. The chemical analyses of



**Fig. 14a** – Botryoidal strashimirite aggregates partially covered by clinoclase crystalline crusts. Width of area is 8 mm. Photo M. Števkó. **b** – Detail of the surface of strashimirite crystal aggregate showing platy crystals with attached tabular crystal of clinoclase; SEM photo by M. Števkó. **c** – Compact central part of strashimirite aggregate (light grey) with porous surface layer (grey) covered by clinoclase (white); BSE photo by J. Sejkora. **d** – A binary plot of Cu vs. Zn + Ca + Fe + Pb + Mg + Co + Ni + Al (apfu) for strashimirite. Other published data: Novoveská Huta, Slovak Republic (Řídkošil 1978), Zapachitsa, Bulgaria (Minčeva-Stefanova 1968), Venetsa, Bulgaria (Minčeva-Stefanova 1998), Rędziny, Poland (Gołębiewska 1999). **e** – A binary plot of Zn vs. Ca + Fe + Pb + Mg + Co + Ni + Al (apfu) for strashimirite. Other published data: Novoveská Huta, Slovak Republic (Řídkošil 1978), Zapachitsa, Bulgaria (Minčeva-Stefanova 1968), Venetsa, Bulgaria (Minčeva-Stefanova 1998), Rędziny, Poland (Gołębiewska 1999).



**Tab. 18** Chemical composition of parnaute (in wt. %)

|                                | mean   | 1      | 2      | 3      | 4      |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CaO                            | 0.05   | 0.05   | 0.06   | 0.04   | 0.06   |
| FeO                            | 0.12   | 0.00   | 0.09   | 0.29   | 0.10   |
| CuO                            | 58.73  | 59.21  | 59.23  | 58.64  | 57.84  |
| CoO                            | 0.13   | 0.13   | 0.13   | 0.10   | 0.15   |
| NiO                            | 0.05   | 0.05   | 0.05   | 0.06   | 0.05   |
| ZnO                            | 2.68   | 2.57   | 2.57   | 2.58   | 3.01   |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.07   | 0.07   | 0.11   | 0.05   | 0.05   |
| Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.43   | 0.40   | 0.37   | 0.45   | 0.48   |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | 0.11   | 0.19   | 0.06   | 0.09   | 0.08   |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 19.28  | 18.88  | 19.50  | 19.88  | 18.86  |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.03   | 0.04   | 0.07   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| SO <sub>3</sub>                | 5.70   | 5.61   | 5.65   | 5.76   | 5.78   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 18.34  | 18.32  | 18.45  | 18.41  | 18.17  |
| total                          | 105.71 | 105.52 | 106.34 | 106.35 | 104.63 |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.012  | 0.011  | 0.013  | 0.009  | 0.013  |
| Fe <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.021  | 0.000  | 0.015  | 0.049  | 0.017  |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 9.077  | 9.272  | 9.126  | 8.863  | 9.054  |
| Co <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.021  | 0.022  | 0.021  | 0.016  | 0.025  |
| Ni <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.009  | 0.008  | 0.008  | 0.010  | 0.008  |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.405  | 0.393  | 0.387  | 0.381  | 0.461  |
| Al <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.017  | 0.017  | 0.026  | 0.012  | 0.012  |
| subtotal                       | 9.561  | 9.724  | 9.597  | 9.339  | 9.591  |
| Sb <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.036  | 0.034  | 0.031  | 0.037  | 0.041  |
| Si <sup>4+</sup>               | 0.021  | 0.039  | 0.012  | 0.018  | 0.017  |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 2.063  | 2.047  | 2.080  | 2.080  | 2.043  |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.005  | 0.007  | 0.012  | 0.000  | 0.000  |
| S <sup>6+</sup>                | 0.875  | 0.873  | 0.865  | 0.865  | 0.899  |
| subtotal                       | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000  | 3.000  |
| OH <sup>-</sup>                | 11.028 | 11.333 | 11.105 | 10.574 | 11.117 |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | 7.002  | 7.001  | 6.999  | 6.999  | 7.000  |

1–4 – mean and representative analyses of parnaute from Farbište. Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P + S + Si + Sb) = 3; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents were calculated on the basis of H<sub>2</sub>O = 7 and charge balance.

tyrolite from Farbište (Tab. 24) suggest that S does not participate in the As + P group but probably enters the interlayer space together with H<sub>2</sub>O and (CO<sub>3</sub>)<sup>2-</sup> groups. The chemical data show a slight difference between the two types of tyrolite. The emerald-green platy crystals

**Tab. 19** X-ray powder diffraction data of strashimirite

| <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I</i> / <i>I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0        | 1        | 0        | 18.6                     | 100                              | 18.7                      |
| 0        | 2        | 0        | 9.53                     | 30                               | 9.36                      |
| 0        | 0        | 1        | 8.97                     | 38                               | 8.96                      |
| 0        | 1        | 1        | 8.07                     | 14                               | 8.08                      |
| 1        | 0        | 1        | 6.19                     | 10                               | 6.19                      |
| –1       | 2        | 1        | 5.60                     | 9                                | 5.58                      |
| 2        | 0        | 0        | 4.762                    | 23                               | 4.784                     |
| –1       | 3        | 1        | 4.613                    | 11                               | 4.646                     |
| –2       | 0        | 1        | 4.440                    | 10                               | 4.442                     |
| 1        | 4        | 0        | 4.225                    | 15                               | 4.204                     |
| 0        | 6        | 0        | 3.127                    | 22                               | 3.120                     |
| 2        | 5        | 0        | 2.985                    | 21                               | 2.948                     |
| –1       | 6        | 1        | 2.833                    | 28                               | 2.847                     |
| 1        | 5        | 2        | 2.688                    | 10                               | 2.696                     |
| 3        | 4        | 0        | 2.645                    | 13                               | 2.636                     |
| 2        | 6        | 1        | 2.4688                   | 16                               | 2.4668                    |
| –4       | 0        | 1        | 2.3981                   | 11                               | 2.3816                    |
| –4       | 4        | 0        | 2.1307                   | 8                                | 2.1300                    |
| 3        | 1        | 3        | 2.0690                   | 7                                | 2.0508                    |
| –1       | 7        | 3        | 1.9762                   | 7                                | 1.9815                    |
| 3        | 4        | 3        | 1.8670                   | 7                                | 1.8879                    |
| 2        | 10       | 1        | 1.6976                   | 7                                | 1.6976                    |

with chrysocolla are characterised by increased S in the range 0.20–0.30 *apfu* and relatively low calculated contents of the carbonate groups (0.08–0.17 *apfu*). Its empirical formula on the basis of (As + P) = 4 *apfu* is Ca<sub>1.87</sub>(Cu<sub>8.46</sub>Zn<sub>0.03</sub>)<sub>Σ8.49</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3.91</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.09</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.25</sub>(CO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.11</sub>(OH)<sub>7.91</sub>F<sub>0.10</sub>·11H<sub>2</sub>O. The pale blue-green radial aggregates contain significantly less S (0.04–0.09 *apfu*) and the calculated contents of the carbonate groups are 0.31–0.64 *apfu*. The empirical formula on the basis of (As + P) = 4 *apfu* is Ca<sub>1.92</sub>(Cu<sub>8.57</sub>Zn<sub>0.03</sub>)<sub>Σ8.60</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>4.3.91</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.09</sub>(CO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.47</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.05</sub>(OH)<sub>7.90</sub>F<sub>0.10</sub>·11H<sub>2</sub>O. Both types of tyrolite show minor contents of Zn (0.02–0.04 *apfu*), P (0.08–0.10 *apfu*) and F (0.07–0.13 *apfu*). The differences in composition of the two types of tyrolite are observed in infrared absorption spectra (Figs 15c–d), especially in the 1200–800 cm<sup>–1</sup> region (Fig. 15d). According to data published by Klopogge and

**Tab. 20** Unit-cell parameters of strashimirite (for monoclinic space group *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*m*)

| Occurrence              | Reference                | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>b</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | <i>β</i> ° | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia      | this paper               | 9.70(2)      | 18.77(2)     | 8.99(2)      | 96.9(1)    | 1625(3)                    |
| Zapachitsa, Bulgaria    | Minčeva-Stefanova (1968) | 9.70         | 18.90        | 9.127        | 97.12      | 1660.6                     |
| Jáchmov, Czech Republic | Ondruš et al. (1997)     | 9.71(3)      | 18.93(7)     | 8.91(8)      | 97.1(1)    | 1625.2                     |
| Rędziny, Poland         | Gołębiewska (1999)       | 9.719(2)     | 18.806(5)    | 8.937(3)     | 97.31(3)   | 1620.2                     |
| Zálesí, Czech Republic  | Frost et al. (2009b)     | 9.56(1)      | 18.38(3)     | 9.10(1)      | 97.26(9)   | 1587(4)                    |
| Lubietová, Slovakia     | Frost et al. (2009b)     | 9.524(3)     | 18.536(6)    | 9.058(4)     | 96.96(4)   | 1587.1(9)                  |

**Tab. 21** Chemical composition of strashimirite (in wt. %)

|                                | mean <sup>a</sup> | 1      | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5      | mean <sup>b</sup> | 6      | 7      | 8      | 9      | 10     |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CaO                            | 0.14              | 0.16   | 0.11   | 0.12   | 0.34   | 0.00   | 0.20              | 0.20   | 0.26   | 0.19   | 0.21   | 0.27   |
| FeO                            | 0.00              | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.30              | 0.20   | 0.37   | 0.16   | 0.65   | 0.61   |
| PbO                            | 0.00              | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.11              | 0.00   | 0.26   | 0.17   | 0.09   | 0.00   |
| CuO                            | 54.77             | 55.57  | 55.70  | 54.20  | 54.17  | 53.86  | 58.35             | 57.60  | 60.54  | 57.18  | 58.92  | 59.21  |
| ZnO                            | 0.87              | 1.15   | 0.73   | 0.77   | 1.17   | 0.61   | 1.26              | 1.37   | 1.43   | 1.38   | 1.28   | 1.37   |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.15              | 0.24   | 0.11   | 0.36   | 0.09   | 0.00   | 0.12              | 0.05   | 0.15   | 0.13   | 0.17   | 0.16   |
| Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.26              | 0.18   | 0.22   | 0.25   | 0.00   | 0.18   | 0.13              | 0.08   | 0.16   | 0.13   | 0.20   | 0.16   |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | 0.18              | 0.19   | 0.19   | 0.14   | 0.29   | 0.07   | 0.20              | 0.22   | 0.24   | 0.17   | 0.22   | 0.20   |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 38.09             | 38.28  | 37.18  | 37.38  | 36.98  | 38.79  | 39.41             | 38.51  | 41.04  | 38.13  | 40.37  | 39.94  |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.10              | 0.32   | 0.10   | 0.08   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.14              | 0.14   | 0.17   | 0.14   | 0.17   | 0.16   |
| SO <sub>3</sub>                | 0.38              | 0.47   | 0.84   | 0.81   | 0.00   | 0.10   | 0.11              | 0.08   | 0.00   | 0.18   | 0.23   | 0.06   |
| F                              | 0.16              | 0.11   | 0.15   | 0.16   | 0.19   | 0.19   | 0.16              | 0.16   | 0.15   | 0.17   | 0.14   | 0.17   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 11.13             | 11.43  | 11.33  | 11.14  | 11.08  | 10.71  | 12.07             | 11.87  | 12.60  | 11.84  | 12.34  | 12.41  |
| O=F                            | -0.07             | -0.05  | -0.06  | -0.07  | -0.08  | -0.08  | -0.07             | -0.07  | -0.06  | -0.07  | -0.06  | -0.07  |
| total                          | 106.16            | 108.05 | 106.60 | 105.34 | 104.23 | 104.43 | 112.49            | 110.41 | 117.31 | 109.90 | 114.93 | 114.65 |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.030             | 0.033  | 0.023  | 0.025  | 0.074  | 0.000  | 0.042             | 0.042  | 0.051  | 0.040  | 0.041  | 0.054  |
| Fe <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.000             | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.047             | 0.033  | 0.056  | 0.026  | 0.100  | 0.096  |
| Pb <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.000             | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.006             | 0.000  | 0.013  | 0.009  | 0.004  | 0.000  |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 8.046             | 8.033  | 8.236  | 8.003  | 8.340  | 7.938  | 8.370             | 8.462  | 8.350  | 8.463  | 8.194  | 8.388  |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.125             | 0.163  | 0.106  | 0.111  | 0.176  | 0.088  | 0.176             | 0.197  | 0.193  | 0.200  | 0.174  | 0.190  |
| Al <sup>3+</sup>               | 0.035             | 0.054  | 0.025  | 0.083  | 0.022  | 0.000  | 0.026             | 0.011  | 0.032  | 0.030  | 0.037  | 0.035  |
| subtotal                       | 8.236             | 8.282  | 8.389  | 8.222  | 8.612  | 8.026  | 8.668             | 8.745  | 8.695  | 8.768  | 8.551  | 8.763  |
| Si <sup>4+</sup>               | 0.034             | 0.036  | 0.037  | 0.027  | 0.059  | 0.014  | 0.039             | 0.043  | 0.044  | 0.033  | 0.041  | 0.038  |
| Sb <sup>5+</sup>               | 0.021             | 0.014  | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.000  | 0.014  | 0.010             | 0.006  | 0.012  | 0.011  | 0.015  | 0.012  |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 3.874             | 3.830  | 3.805  | 3.820  | 3.941  | 3.957  | 3.913             | 3.916  | 3.918  | 3.906  | 3.886  | 3.916  |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.016             | 0.052  | 0.017  | 0.013  | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.023             | 0.023  | 0.026  | 0.023  | 0.026  | 0.025  |
| S <sup>6+</sup>                | 0.055             | 0.068  | 0.123  | 0.119  | 0.000  | 0.015  | 0.015             | 0.012  | 0.000  | 0.026  | 0.032  | 0.008  |
| subtotal                       | 4.000             | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000             | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  |
| F <sup>-</sup>                 | 0.096             | 0.067  | 0.093  | 0.099  | 0.122  | 0.117  | 0.095             | 0.098  | 0.087  | 0.105  | 0.082  | 0.101  |
| OH <sup>-</sup>                | 4.433             | 4.583  | 4.798  | 4.520  | 5.064  | 3.936  | 5.291             | 5.404  | 5.348  | 5.480  | 5.148  | 5.526  |
| ΣF + OH                        | 4.529             | 4.649  | 4.891  | 4.619  | 5.186  | 4.053  | 5.386             | 5.502  | 5.435  | 5.586  | 5.230  | 5.627  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | 5.003             | 5.004  | 4.998  | 5.003  | 5.000  | 5.002  | 5.000             | 4.998  | 4.999  | 4.998  | 5.003  | 4.999  |

*mean a* – mean of all 7 analyses (some not shown here) of fibrous aggregates of strashimirite; 1–5 its selected representative analyses;

*mean b* – mean of all 11 analyses of strashimirite compact aggregates (6–10 being the selected representative analyses).

Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P + S + Sb + Si) = 4; H<sub>2</sub>O\* contents were calculated on the basis of charge balance and theoretical content of five water molecules.

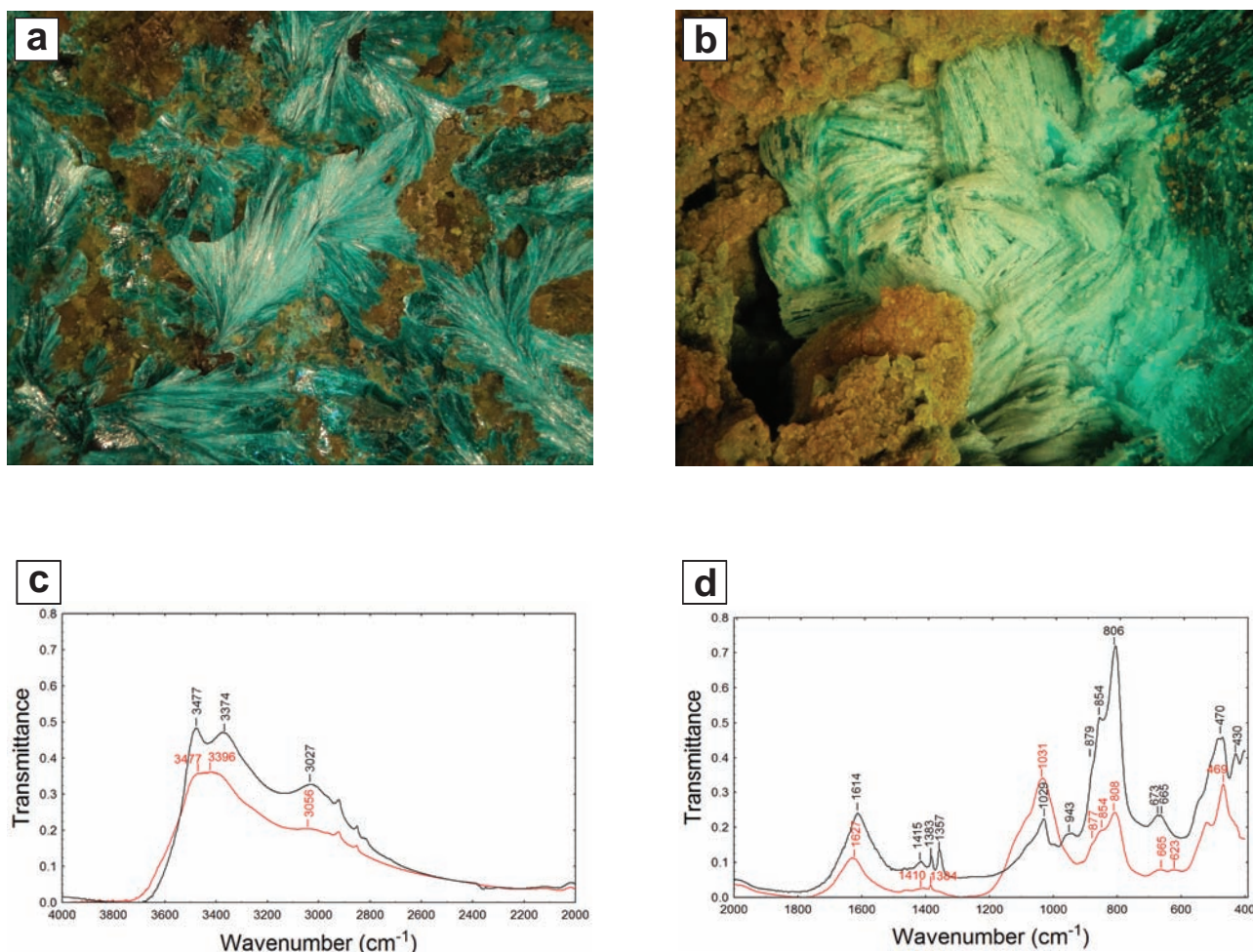
Frost (2000), who reinterpreted the dataset published by Gadsden (1975), the band around 1035 cm<sup>-1</sup> represents vibration of the CO<sub>3</sub> group or an OH-bend. However, in the case of the high content of sulphate groups, especially in the emerald-green tyrolite, it seems to be more logical to ascribe that band to antisymmetric stretching mode of the SO<sub>4</sub> groups. Interesting is also the band representing symmetric stretching mode of AsO<sub>4</sub> group (808 cm<sup>-1</sup>), which, for the emerald-green tyrolite, is much lower than in the SO<sub>4</sub>-poor, pale blue-green variety. The whole band component analysis for both types of tyrolite from Farbište is presented in Tab. 25.

## 4.4. Silicates

### 4.4.1. Chrysocolla

This mineral forms common bluish green to green botryoidal crusts and compact fillings of vugs and fissures in the mineralized rocks. It is mostly associated with tyrolite, malachite, azurite and barite. Common are chrysocolla pseudomorphs after tabular crystals and radial aggregates of tyrolite.

Chrysocolla was identified by semiquantitative microprobe analyses, which show that the main components are



**Fig. 15a** – Typical radial aggregates of tyrolite. Width of area is 10 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **b** – An irregular aggregate of platy to tabular tyrolite crystals partially replaced by chrysocolla. Width of area is 6 mm. Photo by M. Števkó. **c** – Infrared (IR) spectra for both tyrolite types (4000–2000 cm<sup>-1</sup>): red line (emerald-green tyrolite) and black line (pale blue-green tyrolite). **d** – Infrared (IR) spectra of both tyrolite types (2000–400 cm<sup>-1</sup>): red line (emerald-green tyrolite) and black line (pale blue-green tyrolite).

Cu, Al, Si and O. According to X-ray powder diffraction, the studied samples are amorphous.

## 5. Origin and formation of supergene mineralization at the Farbište occurrence

Two main associations of the supergene minerals were observed at Farbište occurrence (Fig. 16). Both formed as a result of weathering of primary ore minerals, especially tennantite, which is the dominant primary ore phase and was the main source of Cu, As and S ions in the supergene zone. The almost complete absence of supergene hydroxides and oxides of iron such as goethite is caused by the relative scarcity of pyrite and other iron-bearing minerals in the primary zone.

The first association is typical of the lower part of the supergene zone and is exposed in the upper adit. The main supergene phases in this case are tyrolite and

chrysocolla. Relatively common are also barite, azurite and malachite. Except tyrolite, no additional copper arsenates have been observed. The chemical composition of tyrolite from this association is characterised by a predominance of the (SO<sub>4</sub>)<sup>2-</sup> over (CO<sub>2</sub>)<sup>2-</sup> groups in the anion position. This most probably results from the higher activity of Ca<sup>2+</sup> and (AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sup>3-</sup> ions and the absence of (CO<sub>3</sub>)<sup>2-</sup> in solutions during the early stage of the supergene phases' crystallization sequence. In this situation the (SO<sub>4</sub>)<sup>2-</sup> ions produced by weathering of primary minerals would be preferentially incorporated in tyrolite.

The second association of supergene minerals is represented by a rich suite of copper arsenates and carbonates and is especially well developed in the upper part of the outcrop. Tyrolite is much rarer compared to the previous association. Rare brochantite and mixed-anion sulphate–arsenate species parnaute are



**Tab. 22** X-ray powder diffraction pattern of tyrolite

| <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> | <i>h</i> | <i>k</i> | <i>l</i> | <i>d</i> <sub>obs.</sub> | <i>I/I</i> <sub>o</sub> | <i>d</i> <sub>calc.</sub> |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1        | 0        | 0        | 26.9                     | 100                     | 26.9                      | 1        | 0        | 0        | 27.2                     | 100                     | 27.3                      |
| 2        | 0        | 0        | 13.7                     | 25                      | 13.6                      | 2        | 0        | 0        | 13.5                     | 25                      | 13.5                      |
| 3        | 0        | 0        | 9.06                     | 5                       | 9.09                      |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 0        | 1        | 0        | 5.59                     | 5                       | 5.57                      | 0        | 1        | 0        | 5.54                     | 4                       | 5.53                      |
| 1        | 1        | 0        | 5.43                     | 5                       | 5.46                      |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 5        | 0        | 0        | 5.38                     | 4                       | 5.38                      |
| 1        | 0        | −2       | 5.24                     | 5                       | 5.23                      | 0        | 0        | 2        | 5.19                     | 4                       | 5.21                      |
| 0        | 1        | 1        | 4.903                    | 5                       | 4.906                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 1        | 1        | 1        | 4.781                    | 7                       | 4.774                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 3        | 0        | −2       | 4.723                    | 5                       | 4.736                     |
| 2        | 0        | 2        | 4.631                    | 5                       | 4.638                     | 2        | 1        | 1        | 4.502                    | 4                       | 4.516                     |
| 4        | 0        | −2       | 4.439                    | 6                       | 4.437                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 3        | 1        | 1        | 4.198                    | 5                       | 4.203                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 5        | 0        | −2       | 4.049                    | 5                       | 4.051                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 5        | 0        | −2       | 3.957                    | 5                       | 3.967                     |
| 4        | 0        | 2        | 3.878                    | 5                       | 3.876                     | 4        | 1        | 1        | 3.855                    | 4                       | 3.859                     |
| 1        | −1       | −2       | 3.811                    | 5                       | 3.813                     | 1        | −1       | −2       | 3.803                    | 4                       | 3.796                     |
| 3        | −1       | −2       | 3.631                    | 4                       | 3.637                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 4        | −1       | −2       | 3.472                    | 5                       | 3.470                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 3        | 1        | 2        | 3.387                    | 5                       | 3.382                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 8        | 0        | 0        | 3.374                    | 5                       | 3.364                     |
| 7        | 1        | 1        | 2.954                    | 6                       | 2.958                     | 1        | −1       | −3       | 2.952                    | 6                       | 2.953                     |
| 3        | −1       | −3       | 2.899                    | 5                       | 2.897                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 8        | 0        | 2        | 2.694                    | 5                       | 2.695                     |
| 0        | 2        | 1        | 2.687                    | 5                       | 2.689                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 3        | 2        | 0        | 2.662                    | 5                       | 2.662                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 1        | −2       | −1       | 2.662                    | 6                       | 2.666                     |
| 3        | −2       | −1       | 2.609                    | 4                       | 2.604                     | 0        | 0        | 4        | 2.602                    | 4                       | 2.605                     |
| 4        | 2        | 0        | 2.576                    | 4                       | 2.578                     | 4        | 2        | 0        | 2.559                    | 4                       | 2.556                     |
| 1        | 0        | 4        | 2.549                    | 4                       | 2.549                     |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 4        | −2       | −1       | 2.507                    | 4                       | 2.507                     |
| 4        | 2        | 1        | 2.473                    | 4                       | 2.471                     | 5        | 0        | −4       | 2.4520                   | 5                       | 2.4524                    |
| 2        | −1       | −4       | 2.3651                   | 4                       | 2.3674                    | 6        | 2        | 0        | 2.3514                   | 4                       | 2.3530                    |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 3        | 2        | 3        | 2.0729                   | 3                       | 2.0704                    |
| 2        | 2        | 3        | 2.1198                   | 3                       | 2.1132                    |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 1        | −2       | −4       | 1.9092                   | 3                       | 1.9066                    |          |          |          |                          |                         |                           |
| 1        | 3        | 0        | 1.8515                   | 3                       | 1.8518                    | 5        | 3        | 0        | 1.7427                   | 3                       | 1.7432                    |
|          |          |          |                          |                         |                           | 3        | 3        | 2        | 1.6905                   | 3                       | 1.6939                    |

**Tab. 23** Unit-cell parameters of tyrolite (for monoclinic space group  $P2_1/c$ )

| Occurrence               | Reference                                       | <i>a</i> [Å] | <i>b</i> [Å] | <i>c</i> [Å] | $\beta^\circ$ | <i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ] |
|--------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper (emerald green)                      | 27.078(5)    | 5.5275(7)    | 10.4817(12)  | 96.293(14)    | 1559.3(3)                  |
| Farbište, Slovakia       | this paper (pale blue green)                    | 27.543(3)    | 5.5681(6)    | 10.4763(9)   | 98.009(9)     | 1591.02(3)                 |
| Brixlegg, Tyrol, Austria | Krivovichev et al. (2006) – polytype 1 <i>M</i> | 27.562(3)    | 5.5682(7)    | 10.4662(15)  | 98.074(11)    | 1590.3(3)                  |
| Brixlegg, Tyrol, Austria | Krivovichev et al. (2006) – polytype 2 <i>M</i> | 54.520(6)    | 5.5638(6)    | 10.4647(10)  | 96.432(9)     | 3154.4(6)                  |

**Tab. 24** Chemical composition of tyrolite (in wt. %)

|                                | mean 1–3 | 1      | 2      | 3      | mean 4–7 | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      |
|--------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CaO                            | 7.01     | 6.89   | 6.95   | 7.18   | 7.27     | 7.20   | 7.28   | 7.30   | 7.31   |
| PbO                            | 0.07     | 0.00   | 0.13   | 0.09   | 0.06     | 0.14   | 0.00   | 0.09   | 0.00   |
| CuO                            | 44.91    | 44.56  | 45.15  | 45.01  | 45.94    | 45.68  | 46.80  | 45.42  | 45.84  |
| ZnO                            | 0.16     | 0.11   | 0.23   | 0.13   | 0.15     | 0.22   | 0.10   | 0.16   | 0.13   |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 29.99    | 29.80  | 30.14  | 30.02  | 30.31    | 30.59  | 30.42  | 29.43  | 30.78  |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.43     | 0.43   | 0.41   | 0.46   | 0.42     | 0.39   | 0.44   | 0.44   | 0.41   |
| SO <sub>3</sub>                | 1.32     | 1.26   | 1.08   | 1.63   | 0.29     | 0.21   | 0.24   | 0.48   | 0.24   |
| F                              | 0.12     | 0.12   | 0.14   | 0.11   | 0.12     | 0.17   | 0.12   | 0.11   | 0.09   |
| CO <sub>2</sub> *              | 0.33     | 0.23   | 0.50   | 0.27   | 1.39     | 1.06   | 1.72   | 1.84   | 0.93   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O*              | 17.98    | 17.87  | 18.04  | 18.04  | 18.16    | 18.28  | 18.25  | 17.67  | 18.44  |
| O=F                            | −0.05    | −0.05  | −0.06  | −0.05  | −0.05    | −0.07  | −0.05  | −0.05  | −0.04  |
| total                          | 102.27   | 101.22 | 102.71 | 102.89 | 104.06   | 103.87 | 105.32 | 102.89 | 104.13 |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>               | 1.872    | 1.852  | 1.849  | 1.913  | 1.924    | 1.890  | 1.917  | 1.985  | 1.906  |
| Pb <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.005    | 0.000  | 0.009  | 0.006  | 0.004    | 0.009  | 0.000  | 0.006  | 0.000  |
| ΣCa + Pb                       | 1.876    | 1.852  | 1.858  | 1.919  | 1.928    | 1.900  | 1.917  | 1.991  | 1.906  |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>               | 8.456    | 8.444  | 8.470  | 8.455  | 8.567    | 8.455  | 8.687  | 8.708  | 8.425  |
| Zn <sup>2+</sup>               | 0.029    | 0.020  | 0.042  | 0.024  | 0.028    | 0.040  | 0.018  | 0.030  | 0.023  |
| ΣCu + Zn                       | 8.485    | 8.464  | 8.512  | 8.479  | 8.595    | 8.495  | 8.705  | 8.738  | 8.448  |
| As <sup>5+</sup>               | 3.909    | 3.909  | 3.914  | 3.903  | 3.912    | 3.919  | 3.908  | 3.905  | 3.916  |
| P <sup>5+</sup>                | 0.091    | 0.091  | 0.086  | 0.097  | 0.088    | 0.081  | 0.092  | 0.095  | 0.084  |
| ΣAs + P                        | 4.000    | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000    | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  | 4.000  |
| S <sup>6+</sup>                | 0.248    | 0.237  | 0.201  | 0.304  | 0.054    | 0.039  | 0.044  | 0.091  | 0.044  |
| C <sup>4+</sup>                | 0.112    | 0.079  | 0.170  | 0.092  | 0.469    | 0.355  | 0.577  | 0.638  | 0.309  |
| ΣS + C                         | 0.360    | 0.316  | 0.371  | 0.396  | 0.523    | 0.393  | 0.621  | 0.729  | 0.353  |
| F <sup>−</sup>                 | 0.097    | 0.095  | 0.110  | 0.087  | 0.096    | 0.132  | 0.093  | 0.088  | 0.069  |
| OH <sup>−</sup>                | 7.906    | 7.905  | 7.889  | 7.917  | 7.904    | 7.870  | 7.908  | 7.912  | 7.932  |
| ΣOH + F                        | 8.003    | 8.000  | 7.999  | 8.003  | 8.000    | 8.002  | 8.001  | 8.000  | 8.002  |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | 10.997   | 10.999 | 10.999 | 11.004 | 11.003   | 11.004 | 11.004 | 11.002 | 10.997 |

Means and representative analyses of tyrolite from Farbište. 1–3: emerald-green platy crystals; 4–6: pale blue-green radial aggregates.

Coefficients of empirical formula were obtained assuming (As + P) = 4; CO<sub>2</sub>\* and H<sub>2</sub>O\* were calculated on the basis of ideal contents (OH + F) = 8, H<sub>2</sub>O = 11 and charge balance.

**Tab. 25** Band component analysis of the infrared spectrum of both tyrolite types

| emerald green crystals |       | pale blue-green aggregates |       | tentative assignment  |
|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| [cm <sup>−1</sup> ]    |       | [cm <sup>−1</sup> ]        |       |   |
| 3477                   | 0.356 | 3477                       | 0.583 | ν O–H stretch (hydroxyl ions)   |
| 3396                   | 0.358 | 3375                       | 0.571 | ν O–H stretch (molecular water, hydroxyl ions)  |
| 3057                   | 0.205 | 3028                       | 0.428 | ν O–H stretch (molecular water)   |
| 1628                   | 0.112 | 1614                       | 0.341 | δ H <sub>2</sub> O bend   |
|                        |       | 1416                       | 0.203 | ν <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> antisymmetric stretch  |
| 1385                   | 0.038 | 1383                       | 0.218 | ν <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> antisymmetric stretch  |
|                        |       | 1358                       | 0.236 | ν <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> antisymmetric stretch  |
| 1032                   | 0.341 | 1030                       | 0.324 | ν <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> antisymmetric stretch  |
|                        |       | 943                        | 0.282 | δ M–OH bend, H <sub>2</sub> O libration (?)   |
| 877                    | 0.155 | 879                        | 0.467 | ν <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub> antisymmetric stretch/ν <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> bend (?) |
| 854                    | 0.189 | 854                        | 0.616 | ν <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub> antisymmetric stretch   |
| 808                    | 0.243 | 806                        | 0.819 | ν <sub>1</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub> symmetric stretch   |
| 673                    | 0.079 | 673                        | 0.335 | ν <sub>4</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> bend   |
| 665                    | 0.080 | 665                        | 0.335 | ν <sub>4</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> bend   |
| 642                    | 0.076 |                            |       | ν <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> bend   |
| 623                    | 0.079 |                            |       | ν <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> bend   |
| 469                    | 0.324 | 471                        | 0.558 | ν <sub>4</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub> bend  |
|                        |       | 430                        | 0.510 | ν <sub>4</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub> bend  |

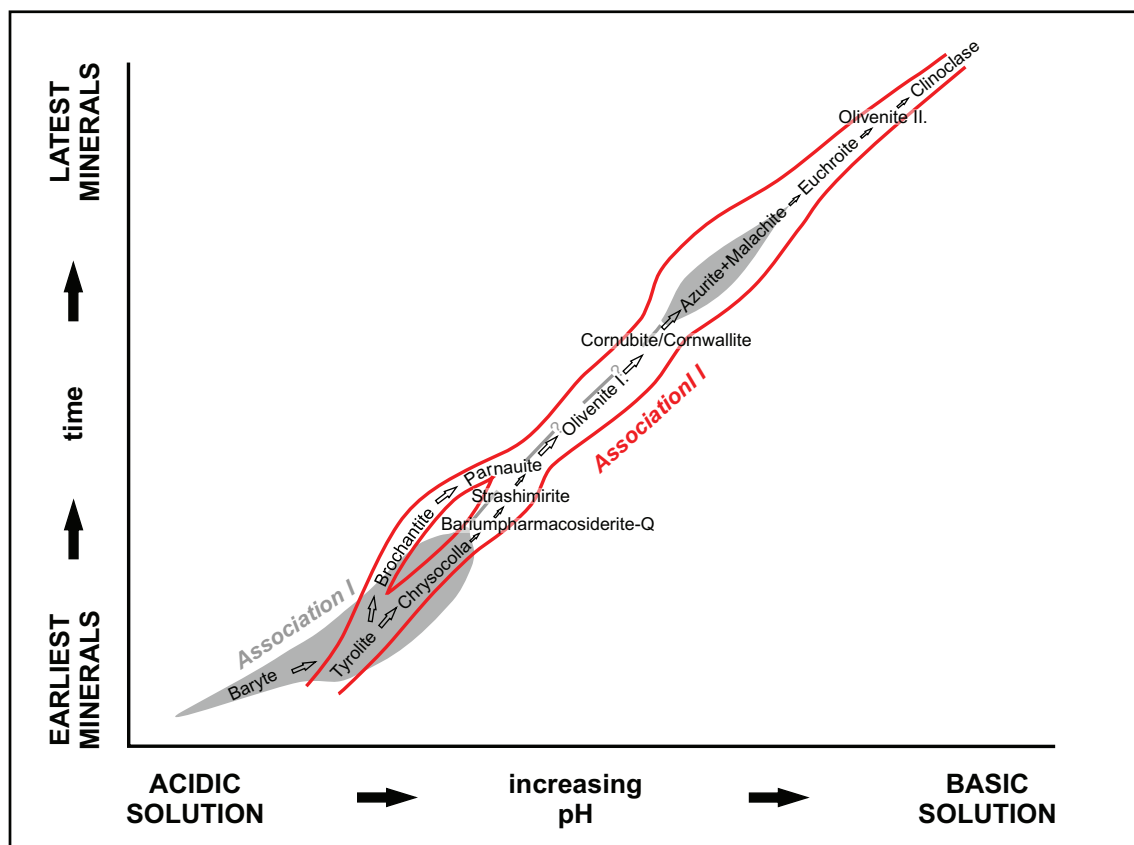


Fig. 16 Inferred crystallization sequence of supergene minerals at Farbište ore occurrence.

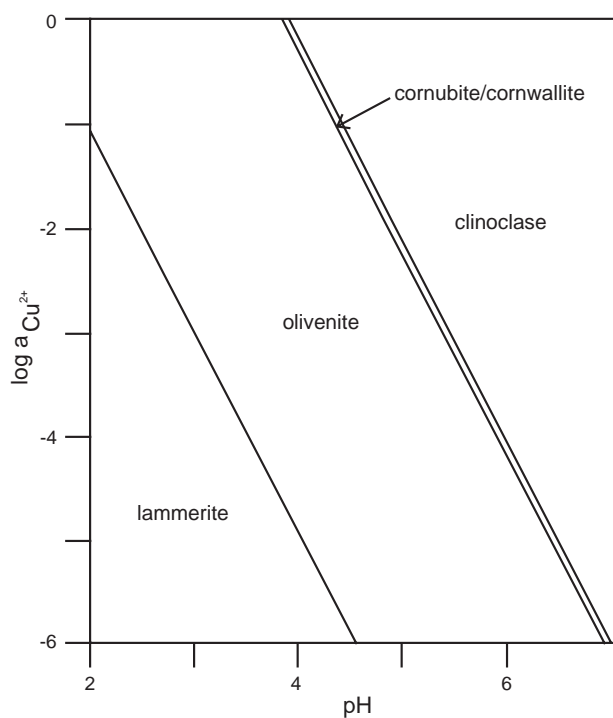


Fig. 17 Stability field diagram for the supergene Cu(II) arsenate minerals (Magalhães et al. 1988).

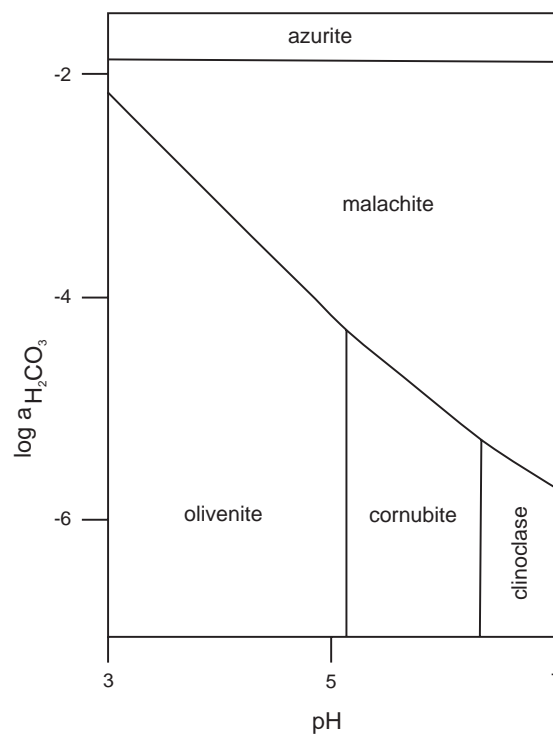


Fig. 18 Boundaries between the copper (II) arsenates and more common supergene carbonate minerals (Magalhães et al. 1988).



also present together with tyrolite. This fact is well reflected in the chemical composition of tyrolite, which contains  $(\text{CO}_3)^{2-}$  groups predominating over  $(\text{SO}_4)^{2-}$  in the interlayer positions, because most of the  $(\text{SO}_4)^{2-}$  is bound in brochantite and parnauite. Due to the isolated nature of the brochantite occurrence, it is difficult to define its exact relation to other copper arsenates in the sequence. However, the position of brochantite as one of the oldest supergene phases is confirmed by the fact that it is replaced by parnauite. Parnauite was observed elsewhere as crusts on strashimirite. Both brochantite and parnauite are covered by azurite and malachite. The presence of bariopharmacosiderite-Q as an earlier phase in the crystallization sequence indicates a rapid decline in activity of  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  ions in the solution during the crystallization of supergene minerals.

According to data published by Magalhães et al. (1988) and Williams (1990), olivenite is a stable phase at relatively lower, and clinoclase at higher, pH conditions (Fig. 17). Cornubite (or cornwallite) is stable only in the very narrow field between olivenite and clinoclase. In general, more basic stoichiometries occupy fields at higher pH values (Magalhães et al. 1988). Thus, the observed broad crystallization sequence of copper arsenates at Farbište – tyrolite → strashimirite → olivenite I → cornubite + cornwallite → euchroite → olivenite II → clinoclase – obviously represents a slight increase in the pH values and/or copper ion activity in the solution. Numerous associations with clinoclase covering olivenite or cornubite/cornwallite are known (e.g. Řídkošil 1981b; Embrey and Symes 1987; Wendel et al. 2001; Dunning and Cooper 2005; Szakáll et al. 2005). A reverse paragenetic sequence of copper arsenates was described from the Majuba Hill mine, Nevada, where clinoclase crystallized first and was followed by cornwallite, cornubite and olivenite (Jensen 1985). A similar association was reported also from the Dome Rock copper mine, South Australia (Ryall and Segnit 1976) and the Gelnica copper deposit in Slovakia (Sejkora et al. 2001). Such a sequence reflects presumably a drop in pH values and/or  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  activity during crystallization (Magalhães et al. 1988). Solution studies of copper arsenates revealed that strashimirite and also euchroite are metastable phases with respect to olivenite (Magalhães et al. 1988). According to Guillemin (1956), natural or synthetic euchroite is transformed to olivenite in aqueous solution at  $\text{pH} \sim 5.4$  and elevated temperatures. Euhedral olivenite inclusions are characteristic of euchroite from Farbište, especially of opaque crystals. Rarely, also complete pseudomorphs of olivenite after euchroite were observed. A similar situation (euhedral olivenite inclusions) is also known from the type locality of euchroite, the Svätodušná deposit near Ľubietová, Slovakia (Figuschová 1977). Such olivenite inclusions

enclosed in euchroite or olivenite pseudomorphs after the latter mineral represent most probably a product of a partial decomposition of the euchroite as metastable phase. The position of azurite and malachite among copper arsenates in the crystallization sequence indicates a local increase in activity of  $\text{CO}_2$  (Fig. 18), the exact cause of which remains unknown. According to Williams (1990), azurite is the stable carbonate phase at the elevated activity of  $\text{CO}_2$ . The fact that the studied azurite is clearly older than the malachite could indicate a decreasing  $\text{CO}_2$  activity during that stage of the supergene zone evolution.

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